HARPER, SCHICK & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-House and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made in persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 15. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3499.

Professional Cards, &c.

D. M'CONAUGHY. JOHN M. KRAUTH

Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has Associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.–tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.

Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.

Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa. May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

E. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist.—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call. May 29, 1867.

DR. C. W. BENSON

HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has always excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. May 29, 1867.

OSCAR D. McMILLAN, *SURVEYOR AND CONVEYANCER.*

In connection with the above he is at all times prepared to attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT AND CLERKING OF SALES.

Having had considerable practice in the above, by strict attention to business he hopes to merit a liberal share of public patronage. Charges reasonable. Residence, Gettysburg, Pa. [Jan. 22, 1868.–tf

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.–1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!

THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Address

HIRAM ALBERT,
May 29, 1867.–tf. Clearspring, York Co. Pa.

NOTICE.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Floor, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either Flour or Feed-stuff, will leave their orders, either with John Crismer or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwelling, by

Sept. 25, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired his GRIST AND SAW MILLS, known as "McILHENNY'S MILL" on Marsh creek, and is prepared to do GRINDING AND SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood, and will guarantee satisfaction. Give us a call.

June 12, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

Hotels and Restaurants.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, OPPOSITE THE N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT, BEACH STREET, BOSTON.

BY F. M. PRATT,
FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.
Oct. 9, 1867.–1y

KEYSTONE HOTEL, *GETTYSBURG, PA.*
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains.

Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.–tf

Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

Threshers and Powers,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Over-seed Rollers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornhider Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

Wire-spring Horse Rake,

he latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Rollers for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, all new.

May 20.–tf DAVID STRENG.

Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the *LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.*

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medically termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixtures of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable. The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathising so closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*
PHILADELPHIA, PA

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into the country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility Chronic Diarrhœa, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, will find all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penna., writes:
Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,
Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates st.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,
Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle,	$1 00
" " half dozen,	5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, per bottle, or a half dozen for	$7 50.

☞Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 15, 1868.–1y

Sewing Machines.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S
SEWING MACHINES,
699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

These World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premium at the World's Fair, in London, and six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate superintendence of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, Jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, cotton or woolen goods with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The Stitch invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents,
JACOBS & BAER, Agents, Gettysburg, Pa.
March 18, 1867.–1y No. 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch," and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine. They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool, without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. They save labor, they save time, and they save money, and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams Co., where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy a Machine are invited to call and examine for themselves.

☞Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. A. SWEENEY, Agent.
Jan. 16, 1866.–tf Fairfield, Adams county, Pa

New Advertisements.

BORDENTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.,

FURNISHES THE VERY BEST EDUCATIONAL ADVANTAGES in connection with a pleasant home. Board and Tuition $268 per year. For Catalogues address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, A. M. Pres't.

"THE PULPIT."—A 32-page Journal of Public Speaking, Pure Literature and Practical Religion, containing the best things said by the Clergy and Public Men the world over. Try our plan RENT ONE YR'S FOR NOTHING. Sent 10 cts. with your address to

"THE PULPIT COMPANY,"
37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

Agents Wanted, now ready for Canvassers,
"THE HISTORY of the WAR BETWEEN THE STATES,"
ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS,
By Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

Send for Circulars, with terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—IN EVERY COUNTY in the United States, A GOOD MAN to sell by sample,

CHAMBERLAIN'S COMBINATION
Square, Plumb, Level & Bevel.

The greatest invention of the age, and one that every Mechanic, Workman and Farmer in the land will buy. Send address, with name, State, County and Post Office, plainly written, and we will send circulars and terms.

W. S. BATCHELDER & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—133 Teachers, Students, or other intelligent Men and Women. Business pays $100 to $200 per month, according to ability. Address ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO., 614 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—To make an arrangement with a live man in every County, who wishes to make money, and can give good references. No capital required. Will sell a business now paying $1,500 per month, and rely on profits for my pay. Address J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

XL

A PRESENT OF $25 VALUE,

Of your own selection, free of cost, for a few days' service in any town or village. Particulars and a gift sent free, by addressing, with stamp, N. B. CLOUDMAN & CO., 46 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

AMERICAN CLOCK CO.
3 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK,
Manufacturers, Agents and Dealers in
ALL VARIETIES OF AMERICAN CLOCKS.
Sole Agents for
SETH THOMAS CLOCKS.

THE CELEBRATED
"ESTEY" ORGAN,
WITH
VOX HUMANA STOP.

Pronounced by all who have heard it the most natural and beautiful imitation of the HUMAN VOICE ever yet introduced. J. ESTEY & CO., Brattleboro, Vt., the original Inventors and Manufacturers. 417 Broome st., 370 River st., Troy, N. Y.; 18 North 7th st. Phila.; 115 Randolph st., Chicago.

RED JACKET AXE.

COLBURN'S PATENT.

TRIED AND NOT FOUND WANTING.

We claim it will cut Twenty-Five (25) per cent. more cord wood per day than any other Axe made.

McKEESPORT, Dec. 19, 1867.

MESSRS. LIPPINCOTT & CO.

SIRS:—I have fully tried your Patent Axe and find that it is all that you claim for it. It will chop faster than any other Axe that I ever saw, and leaves the wood without sticking at all. I would not chop three days without one for the cost. I need not say any more, for any man that tries one will be satisfied.

WM. KEES.

CAUTION!—The Axe and the Label are both patented. Infringers on these patents will be prosecuted according to law. Dealers or others and persons using any infringement, are liable with the maker of the infringement.

☞For sale by all Dealers and the manufacturers,

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
(SUCCESSORS TO LIPPINCOTT & CO.)
Sole owners of the Patents,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
VIA PANAMA OR NICARAGUA.
SAILING FROM NEW YORK
December 5th and 15th; January 5th, 15th and 25th, and February 15th and 25th.

With New Steamships of the First Class.
PASSAGE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further information address the undersigned at 177 West street New York.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

ONE DOLLAR! ONE DOLLAR!

A GREAT WONDER, a Silk, Thibet or Alpaca Dress, a Wool Shawl, Carpet, 50 yds. Sheeting, Family Bible, Sets Ladies Furs, Sewing Machine, Piece Wool Cloth for Gents. Suits, &c., for ONE DOLLAR EACH. Agents wanted. Circulars sent free.

Address G. S. WARREN & CO., Boston, Mass.

Immense Dollar Sale

OF ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN DRY AND FANCY GOODS, PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, ALBUMS, LEATHER GOODS, &c., &c. Send 15 cents for one, or 25 cents each for ten or more names of articles, which we will

SELL AT ONE DOLLAR EACH.

Agents can purchase an article worth from $3 to $200, for One Dollar, according to size of club ordered. Circulars sent free. KIMBALL & CO, No. 3 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 2516.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

A Beautiful Illustrated Book, worth a Thousand Dollars, sent free to any address on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Professor JOHN VANDERPOOL, No. 265 Winthrop Place, New York City.

ONE DOLLAR EACH.

WEBB Cotton Cloth, Dress Patterns, Pant Patterns, Sewing Machines, Watches, Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., &c. Send ten cents for Patent Pen Fountain, with slip describing an article in our dollar sale.

Any person, (male or female,) can send in a club of from 30 to 1000, at same rate (10 cts. each,) and get a premium for so doing. Send in Registered Letters. Samples mailed free to any address.

EASTMAN & KENDALL,
55 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

WE ARE COMING!

And will present to any person sending us a club in our Great

ONE DOLLAR SALE

of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, a Watch, Piece of Sheeting, Silk Dress Pattern, &c., &c., FREE OF COST.

Catalogue of goods and sample sent to any address FREE.

ALLEN, HAWES & CO.,
P. O. Box C. 15 Federal st., Boston, Mass.

Wholesale Dealers in French, German, and English Dry and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Albums, Leather Goods, &c. [Feb. 19–1t

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY. NEWPORT & ZIEGLER,

Mechanics Bakery, South Washington tr., half square from the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of

Bread,
Cracker
Cakes,
Pretzels, &c

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery

Every effort made to please. GIVE US A CALL.

April 15, 1864.

Millinery.

Mantua Making & Stamping

Mary M. Van Ordal & Miss Wilson

HAVING commenced the Mantua Making business respectfully request their friends and the public generally to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case.

PLAIN STICHING & SEWING

done to order. Our place of business will be found in the rooms formerly occupied by Miss MACKLEY, on York St., nearly opposite the Lutheran Church.

Dec. 1.–3m

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,
next door to Keystone Hotel,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, TWEEDS,

Of all styles, and best quality the market can produce, furnished cheap as can be sold in the country, which will be cut out, if desired, without extra charge.

Goods made up and warranted TO FIT.

Also, sole Agents for Adams County for

The Howe Sewing Machine,

The most perfect & reliable in America!

The highest premium—the Cross of the Legion of Honor, and Gold Medal—awarded at the Paris Exposition, 1867.

The Howe Machine will do a larger variety of work in better style than any other machine, and defies all competition for simplicity and ease in working. Call and examine them. Circulars containing price list, &c., can be had on application. [Feb. 12, 1868.–tf

Soldiers' Head-Quarters

At NORRIS' STORE, is the place to get your

FALL & WINTER GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH.

If you want a cheap Over coat, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good cheap Dress Coat, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good Everyday Coat, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good pair of Pants, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good cheap Vest, go to NORRIS'

If you want a FASHIONABLE HAT, go to NORRIS'

If you want a late Fall Style Cap, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes, go to NORRIS'

If you want a FASHIONABLE NECK-TIE, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good French Calf Gaiter, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good Umbrella, go to NORRIS'

If you want good Paper Collars, go to NORRIS'

If you want a fashionable suit of Clothes, go to NORRIS'

If you want anything in the Gentleman's Line, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good SMOKE, go to NORRIS'

If you want good HEAVY UNDER-CLOTHING, go to NORRIS'.

Also—A large stock of CASSIMERES IN THE PIECE. Persons preferring the goods to Ready-made Clothing, can be accommodated at the lowest cash price.

Oct. 9, 1867.–tf THEO. C. NORRIS.

New Boot and Shoe Store.

NEW GOODS AND AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Saddler Shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS.
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS.
GENTLEMEN'S GAITERS, ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c. &c., &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap—a little cheaper than any other house in the county. By strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

THE MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first class workmen employed. Having a life-time experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call. D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, July 31, 1867.–tf

ROBERT C. COBEAN

HAS just received a new supply of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

of latest styles, for Winter use, which he is selling at at reduced prices. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters Whips, Trunks, Valises, Tobacco, Cigars, and a great variety of Notions always on hand. Call at the old stand on Chambersburg street, two doors west of Buehler's Drug Store. ☞The highest price will be given for FURS.

Jan. 22, 1868.–tf

NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

has now opened a LARGE STOCK of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all sizes of

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,
SHIRTS, DRAWERS,
CRAVATS, HOSIERY, &c.,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

☞Call, examine and judge for yourselves.☜

Oct. 30, 1867.–tf

PICKING

IS SELLING OVER COATS AT COST!

PICKING

HAS a splendid assortment of Dress, business, and every day Coats.

—ALSO—

Pants of every description
Black, Blue fancy, &c.
Vests of all kinds.

Now is the time to secure BARGAINS.

Come one! Come all

SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
TRUNKS,
CARPET SACKS,
UMBRELLAS,
BUFFALO & GUM SHOES, &c., &c.

☞Give PICKING a call as he is determined to reduce his immense stock before April 1st.

☞NO HUMBUG!!☜

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

Jan. 15, 1868.–tf

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR,

which he is selling at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves.—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials; Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.;

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousan and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a news paper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,

and other materials for Men's Wear, furnished and made up, to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also solicited from Customers, o purchase their Goods elsewhere.

W. T. KING,
York street, opposite the Bank

June 12, 1867.–1y

Forwarding Houses.

NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouses, Cars, &c., of CUTT & RANSEWAY, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of BIGHAM & CO., at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Hay, Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of BERSON & SONS, 153 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER COBEAN,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Jan. 8, 1868.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware-house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.

July 3, 1867.–tf

DANIEL GULDEN,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS,
FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, LUMBER, COAL, &c.

THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Ware House, known as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of

GROCERIES,

including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,

LUMBER AND COAL,

including Building Stuff, Shingles, Laths, Stove and Blacksmith Coal. Also, Guano, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. Hats and Caps of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call. DANIEL GULDEN.

Aug. 21, 1867.–tf

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruits, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard street, near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at anytime. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

April 19, 1866.—tf BIDDLE & BENNER.

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867.–tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD. MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line, SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES MANTLES, &c., &c.

in the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—☞Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

JOB PRINTING,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY
AT THIS OFFICE

The Star and Sentinel.

PREMIUM SEWING MACHINE.

One of the kind that a man can love,
That wears a shawl and a soft kid glove;
Has the merriest eye and the daintiest foot,
And sports the charmingest gaiter boot;
And a bonnet with feathers, ribbons and
And an indefinite number of hoops. [loops,

One that can love, and, possibly—flirt,
And make a pudding as well as a skirt,
One that can sing without dropping a stitch,
And play the housewife, lady or witch,
Ready to give us the nicest advice,
And do up our collars and things so nice.

We like the sort that can laugh and talk,
And take our arm for an evening walk;
That can do whatever the owner may choose,
With the slightest perceptible turn of the screws;
'Tis the cleverest thing that ever was seen,
Our wonderful family sewing machine.

JUICY TRUTH ABOUT HOMES.

Among all our acquaintances, scarcely a half-dozen standing at the head of families seem to appreciate the moral bearing of the right sort of homes, and the high influences of every name which come from them.—Home to a good many men is the place wherein to eat and sleep and loll and snarl and order children about, and put into practice generally their small views of the rights of a husband and father. And then, something higher than these, stand a more intelligent and genial class who have a warm, social side, and are void of tyranny, and cherish every noble hope for their children, and yet do not quite see that home and its influences should be a main thing in the thoughts and plans of every father, instead of being held greatly subordinate to business, politics, and out-door pleasures. To provide abundantly, and keep the house warm in cold times, and send the young ones to school punctually, and have family prayers once or twice a day, are not all the things that need doing; but home should be made a really bright and happy place in every way. It should meet the wants of the whole nature of the young.—Games should be devised, and a wise man or a careful mother is doing a good thing in spending time to invent and diversify these, with a view to keep the household in good nature and cheery. Festivals should be instituted. Returning birth-days should be emphasized and made memorable. Little expe

The Star and Sentinel, Gettysburg, Pa.

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, March 4, 1868.

March 4, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 10,000 persons.

☞ Advertisements, to insure immediate attention, must be handed in or before Tuesday morning.

OUR Representative, Hon WILLIAM H. KOONTZ, on his return to Washington, obtained leave of the House to record his vote in favor of the resolution to impeach the President.

JACOB THOMPSON has sold all his property in Mississippi, which used to be worth over $1,000,000, for $30,000, and there is a prospect that his self-exile will be perpetual. We hope so.

ALEX. H. STEPHENS, now in Philadelphia, is in favor of JOHNSON's re-election. All the traitors concur. Will the "Democrats" nominate him? We think they will.

A NEW Copperhead paper has just been started in St. Louis, called *The Repudiator*. It advocates as true Democracy the prompt and thorough repudiation of the National debt. Straws show which way the wind blows.

JOHNSON has pardoned about 100 counterfeiters and persons who have been guilty of passing counterfeit money; besides 25 forgers, and a few who added perjury to their other accomplishments. Of course, all these model citizens are for their patron's re-election.

THE death of Gen. MCCALL, of the old Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, will carry regret to his comrades in arms. It took place last week at his home in West Chester. His disease was paralysis. He was in his 65th year. He was an accomplished man, a capital soldier, and a true patriot. Capt. BIDDLE and Lieut. SCHEETZ of his Staff, are also dead.

A. H. HANDY is one of the delegates from Mississippi to the "Democratic" National Convention.

His last connection with National affairs was in 1861 when he was Commissioner from the Mississippi National Convention to the State of Maryland to persuade Gov. HICKS that it was the interest of Maryland to join in the Rebellion.

THE Copperhead National Committee, recently in session in Washington, refused to pass a resolution justifying JOHNSON's last violation of law and Constitution. BOOT of St. Louis, lately JOHNSON's Commissioner of Indian Affairs, was the only member who pressed it; and he was effectually snubbed.

Nevertheless, we adhere to the opinion, that JOHNSON will be the Copperhead nominee.

THE *Scalpel-on-the-Border*, a Copperhead paper now published at Louisville, hoists in its issue of the 30th ult., the name of Jefferson Davis for President.—*Our* Copperheads are not so far advanced as those of Kentucky. Among the persons elected by the latter to represent Kentucky in the Copperhead National Convention in New York on the 24th of July, are Gen. Wm. Preston, late of the Rebel army, and Willie B. Machen, late of the Rebel Congress. They are pledged for PENDLETON.

ISAAC TOUCEY, of Connecticut, Buchanan's Secretary of the Navy, who scattered the Navy for us before rebellion, so that little was promptly available for its suppression, has recently written a letter to a South Carolinian predicting a Copperhead triumph in New Hampshire and Connecticut this Spring, and in the country in the fall; and informing him that, as a result, "all the damnable legislation of the past three years will be undone."

Treason will then be made honorable, and patriotism a crime, as it was under Buchanan in 1860.

ZEBULON VANCE, the Governor of North Carolina during the Rebellion, lately made a speech in the Copperhead State Convention, in which he boasts of what will be done with Union men in that State, when his party (the Copperheads) get power. He declared:

"When we get in power in this State, we will make the condition of the miserable scalawags in this State more intolerable than Sodom and Gomorrha were to their inhabitants."

VANCE has earned a rope a thousand times the last seven years. Yet he proposes to apply it to men who were as conspicuous for their patriotism as he for his Treason. Whether he is to succeed, will depend upon the vote of the people in sustaining or repudiating the Congressional policy of reconstruction.

IT will be recollected that Gov. GEARY, in his annual message, drew attention to an anomalous practice in the Criminal Courts of Philadelphia, under which the Judges were in the habit of revising, at subsequent terms, sentences of prisoners after being committed—practically exercising the pardoning power. Judge ALLISON and his Associates took umbrage at the Governor's animadversions, and challenged him to an issue before the Supreme Court, claiming that the practice was legal and in accordance with common law. Gov. GEARY promptly accepted the challenge. A case was made up for the Supreme Court, and after argument the Court last week unanimously ruled adverse to the practice as illegal and unauthorized by statute or common law—therein fully sustaining the position of the Governor.

A RECENT INCIDENT of the New Hampshire campaign is thus stated. Rev. HENRY CLAY DEAN of Iowa, (a Copperhead preacher), soundly abused the Republicans, as is his custom; and then asked if there was a republican in the hall. If there was he would like to have him stand up and tell him how he felt. No one responded, and he repeated the request twice or three times, when at length a venerable farmer in the rear of the hall stood up and announced that he was a member of the party which the speaker had so well abused. "Well," said DEAN, with an air of triumph, "how do you feel?" "Well," drawled out the tiller of the soil, loud and clear, "I don't 'sactly know, but it 'pears as of I felt like a sound egg in a bushel of rotten ones."—Shouts of laughter followed. Rev. DEAN "dried up," and the meeting adjourned.

AN IMPORTANT EXTRACT.

GOV. BOUTWELL of Mass. thus epitomized the Copperhead policy, in his recent speech in Congress:

"The effect of the reactionary movement would be to open the gates, to allow repudiation, the assumption of the Southern rebel debts, and to give 100,000 white men in the South the same political power as 153,000 white men in the North. That was the entertainment to which the Northern people were invited, if they should deny to the black man of the South the right to vote and to be represented in the Government. More than that, they would be creating an American Ireland, and dooming it to distress, to servitude, to civil war, and, above all, they would be scattering the four millions of black people, *who otherwise would have homes and happy existence in the South, over the North to compete with the laborers of the North.*"

There is no doubt of the correctness of this view. The black man prefers to live in the South. It is his home, and his local attachment is proverbially strong. He prefers that climate to one colder. He is trained to the work required for their peculiar productions.—His friends and relatives are there. His dead are buried there, and his children thrive under those sunny skies. If he be *protected in his personal rights*, he will remain there. If not, he will emigrate, and compete with the laborers of the North.

All who desire to see Northern society maintained as it is, are deeply interested in seeing that nothing is done to make the Southern country uninhabitable for the blacks.

We learn that there has been a good deal of swaggering and bravado among certain classes of Copperheads in various parts of our county during the past week, growing out of the President's impeachment, with threats of "forcible resistance," "marching to Washington,"—"driving the Radicals from the Capitol," —"crushing the Rump Congress," and similar nonsense. These "bounty-jumpers" and "Canada-skedaddlers," (this kind of gasconade is generally traceable to these worthies,) having shown the "white feather" when an imperilled Government demanded their services, are not likely to expose their precious persons to the hazard of shot and shell even in the service of Treason and Disloyalty. We have not learned what uniform they propose to march in—whether the "Confederate Grey," or some new badge of disloyalty. The "Boys-in-Blue" claim a preemption right to the National colors and have a habit of looking sharply to all who train in any other. By-the-way, these "small-fry" leaders of the Copperhead party, whether presiding over Copperhead presses or playing the role of township politicians, have evidently gone it blind in supporting JOHNSON's last usurpation of power. Their zeal is vindictively assailing Congress for asserting its constitutional prerogatives, in arraigning the President at the bar of the Senate, has got the better of their judgment. While these blatant township politicians make haste to enroll themselves as endorsers and backers of President JOHNSON in his bold violations of the fundamental law, the leading men of the "Democratic" party are sharp enough to see the fatal consequences of such a policy, and take pains to have it understood that they are not to be held responsible for the President's vagaries. So says the New York *World*, the Pittsburg *Post*, and the Chicago *Times*, and such is the burden of despatches from Washington. Take for example the Washington correspondent of the *Boston Daily Advertiser*, who telegraphs—

"Every hour one hears the question from strangers, 'Who advised the President to remove Mr. STANTON and appoint Gen. THOMAS Secretary of War *ad interim*?' There is but one answer to this—Nobody. The Democratic members of the Senate were more surprised even than those on the other side when the Executive message arrived on Friday.—Messrs. DOOLITTLE, HENDRICKS and REVERDY JOHNSON all declare privately that they never dreamed such a move was intended. Half a dozen members of the House declared in debate that nobody on their side suspected such a thing. Judge BLACK is credited with being the President's chief adviser, but he had been out of town for a week previous. Furthermore, I cannot help giving you Judge BLACK's own statement of the relations between Mr. JOHNSON and himself. 'Talking with a leading Senator about the matter one day, he said, as I hear, "The papers talk about me as the President's chief adviser. That's all humbug, he sends for me sometimes, but he rarely follows my advice; if he did he wouldn't make such a ——fool of himself so often." It is certain enough that Judge BLACK did not advise this action. One of the chief members of the Democratic National Committee said yesterday: "If it had been hinted to us that such a game was on foot, we should have protested against it warmly enough." Secretary BROWNING answered a gentleman who spoke to him on the subject: "You know as much about it beforehand as I did." This is the testimony from all quarters. The President undoubtedly took the step on his own responsibility."

JUDGE WOODWARD of this State, lately Chief Justice, now a Representative in Congress, used this language in debating the proposed Impeachment of the President:

"In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, so sure am I that the American people will respect this objection, that if I were the President's counsellor I would advise him, if you prefer articles of impeachment, to demur both to your jurisdiction and that of the Senate, and to issue a proclamation, giving you and all the world notice, that whilst he held himself impeachable for misdemeanors in office before the constitutional tribunal, *he never would subject the office he holds in trust for the people to the irregular, unconstitutional, fragmentary bodies who propose to strip him of it.* Such a proclamation, with the army and navy in hand to sustain it, would meet a popular response that would make an end of impeachment and impeachers."

We use mild words in characterizing this language as atrocious. The existing bodies *are* the Congress of the United States, and the only bodies claiming to be such. By the Constitution, the House has the *sole* power of impeachment, and the Senate has the *sole* power to try it. If these bodies are regular for *any* purpose, they are regular for *this* purpose. Yet Mr. WOODWARD recognises their other acts; and specially does he recognize the power of Congress to vote him as much public money as he draws for his services as a Representative! If the Congress be not a Constitutional body, then JOHNSON is without responsibility to any power; and if has no power to levy taxes, or spend revenue. But if this money has been appropriated illegally in Mr. WOODWARD's opinion, with what conscience can he draw any part of it? If the Congress be regular enough for his personal purposes, is it not regular enough for other, and public purposes?

His views will meet no response. Our Government is one of law. JOHNSON will be legally tried; and if convicted the sentence will be carried out. If wrong be done the people will give open ears to the complaint, and can soon correct it.

EUGENE CASSERLY's election to the Senate from California, is said to have been effected by bribery, and distinct charges have been made on which an investigation is proposed. Pity that the first Legislature the Democrats of California have had for years, should be so corrupt. If this has occurred in the green tree, what will be done in the dry?

IMPEACHMENT.

ARTICLES OF IMPEACHMENT.

TIME FOR THE HIGH COURT.

NO UNNECESSARY DELAY TO BE PERMITTED.

During the past week, progress has been made. The Senate were formally notified on Tuesday last that the House would soon present articles of impeachment, on which a committee were then engaged; and a committee of the Senate are considering the rules to govern the trial.

On Saturday last, the House Committee reported impeachment articles, ten in number, which were debated during Saturday and Monday, and on the latter day adopted by a vote of 125 to 41.

The articles relate exclusively to the removal of Mr. STANTON from the War office, and the offences of the President incident to that act. The first declares that the President,

"Unmindful of the high duties of his office, of the obligation of his oath of office, and of the requirement of the Constitution that he should take care that the laws be faithfully executed, did unlawfully, and with intent to violate the Constitution and laws of the United States, issue an order in writing for the removal of Edwin M. Stanton from the office of Secretary for the Department of War, he the said Edwin M. Stanton before that having been duly appointed and commissioned therein, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, Secretary of the Department of War, and being then and there in the execution of the duties thereof, and was then and there lawfully entitled to hold said office until a successor should be appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."

The order of removal is then cited and declared to have been "unlawfully issued and with intent to violate the Civil Tenure law," and it is charged that the President "did then and there commit, and was guilty of, a high misdemeanor in office." The 2d article in nearly identical language charges a high misdemeanor in the appointment of "one Lorenzo Thomas to be Secretary of War *ad interim*." The 3d article charges that the President conspired—

"With one Lorenzo Thomas, and with other persons to the House of Representatives unknown, with intent, by intimidation and threats, to hinder and prevent Edwin M. Stantop, then and there the Secretary for the Department of War under the United States, from holding said office of Secretary for the Department of War, contrary to and in violation of the Constitution of the United States, and of the provisions of an act entitled 'An act to define and punish certain conspiracies,' approved July 31st, 1861, and thereby then and there the said Andrew Johnson, President as aforesaid, did commit and was guilty of a high misdemeanor in office."

The 4th article charges conspiracy with Thomas and others to prevent and hinder the execution of the Civil Tenure law. The 5th charges that the President

"Did commit and was guilty of a high misdemeanor in office in this, that he did, while the Senate of the United States was then and there in session, appoint one Lorenzo Thomas to be Secretary of War *ad interim*, without the advice and consent of the United States, no vacancy having happened in said Department of War during the recess of the Senate, and no vacancy existing therein at the time."

The 6th charges conspiracy to "*by force*, seize, take and possess the property of the United States in the War Department" contrary to the laws. The 7th charges conspiracy in unlawfully attempting to prevent and hinder Edwin M. Stanton from discharging the duties of Secretary of War. The 8th charges the same offence in a different form. The 9th charges the President with an attempt to unlawfully "control the disbursement of the moneys appropriated for the military service, and for the Department of War." The 10th and last article charges that the President on the 22d day of February,

"In disregard of the Constitution and the laws of Congress duly enacted, as commander-in-chief of the army of the United States, did bring before himself then and there William H. Emory, a Major General by brevet in the Army of the United States, actually in command of the Department of Washington, and the military forces thereof, and did then and there, as such commander-in-chief, declare to and instruct said Emory that part of a law of the United States, passed March 2d, 1867, entitled 'An act making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending June 30, 1868, and for other purposes,' especially the second section thereof, which provides, among other things, that all orders and instructions relating to military operations issued by the President or Secretary of War shall be issued through the General of the Army, and, in case of his inability, through the next in rank,' was unconstitutional, and in contravention of the commission of said Emory, and, therefore, not binding on him as an officer of the Army of the United States," with intent "thereby to induce said Emory, in his official capacity as Commander of the Department of Washington, to violate the provisions of said act, and to take and receive, act upon and obey such orders as he, the said Andrew Johnson, might make and give, and which should not be issued through the General of the army of the United States, according to the provisions of said act."

Each article concludes with the charge that the act therein charged to have been committed is "a high misdemeanor in office." In connection with the Articles the committee also reported the evidence of General Emory and of Lieutenant Colonel George W. Wallace, commanding the garrison of Washington, in relation to conversations held with the President, at interviews to which they were invited, in reference to the disposition of forces in the vicinity of Washington, and to the duty of officers to obey orders sent direct to them by the President and not through General Grant, as required by the law.

These articles, as adopted by the House were no doubt communicated yesterday to the President and to the Senate. The Managers of the trial, on the part of the House, will be: Messrs. Stevens, of Pennsylvania; Butler, of Massachusetts; Bingham, of Ohio; Boutwell, of Massachusetts; Wilson, of Iowa; Williams, of Pennsylvania; and Logan of Illinois.

The President will have some days to prepare for trial. His counsel have not yet been publicly announced. The trial need not occupy more than two or three weeks, from present appearances; but it will hardly begin before two weeks from this time.

The Republicans of the country are a unit as to the justification and the necessity for this proceeding. The Copperheads resist it, hoping to make party capital. Thus far business has not been unfavorably affected, and the gold premium has *declined*.

THE RULES FOR THE TRIAL.

In the Senate, on Saturday, Mr. Howard, from the Committee appointed to prepare "Rules of procedure and practice in the Senate when sitting as a high Court of Impeachment," made report. The rules are based upon the usual rules adopted in impeachment trials, but with some important amendments and alterations. It is provided that upon articles being presented to the Senate, the Senate shall, at 1 o'clock P. M. of the day following such presentation, resolve itself into a high Court of Impeachment. A quorum of the Senate shall constitute a quorum of the Court, and it shall continue in session (Sundays excepted) after the trial shall commence, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, until final judgment be rendered. The Chief Justice of the United States shall preside; notice shall be given him by the presiding officer of the Senate of the time and place fixed for the organization of the high Court of Impeachment, and he shall preside over said Court until its final adjournment. The presiding officer of the Court may rule all questions of evidence and incidental questions, which ruling shall stand as the judgment of the Court, unless some member of the Court shall ask that a vote be taken thereon, in which case it shall be submitted to the Court for decision, or he may, at his option in the first instance, submit any such question to a vote of the members of the Court. Witnesses shall be examined by one person on behalf of the party producing them, and then cross-examined by one person on the other side.—At all times while the Senate is sitting upon the trial the doors of the Senate shall be kept open, unless the Court shall direct the doors to be closed when deliberating upon its decisions. All preliminary or interlocutory questions, and all motions, shall be argued by one person only on each side, and for not exceeding one hour on each side, unless the Court shall by an order extend the time. The final arguments on the merits may be made by two persons on each side. The argument shall be opened and closed on the part of the House of Representatives. All the orders and decisions shall be made and had by yeas and nays, and without debate, except when the doors shall be closed for deliberation, and in that case no member shall speak more than once on one question, and for not more than ten minutes on interlocutory questions, and fifteen minutes on the final question, unless by unanimous consent. The rules as reported by the Committee were adopted by the Senate on Monday without material alteration, and will guard against unnecessary delay in the trial,

Pending the discussion of the rules, Senator Davis, of Kentucky, attempted a dilatory skirmish by revamping the very weak objection of those who are wont to stigmatize Congress as a "*Rump Congress*," saying that the Senate was at present incompetent to try this impeachment case for the reason that the Constitution required that the Senate should consist of *two* Senators from each State, and now there were many States excluded from representation. Mr. Reverdy Johnson and others soon disposed of this puerile objection, the latter saying, among other things, that the authority given to the Senate by the Constitution, to judge of the qualifications requisite for membership, necessarily embraced the right to exclude those who, by its judgment, were not deemed eligible to seats in this body.

Considerable discussion was had upon the consideration of the sixth rule, authorizing the presiding officer of the Court to require, if necessary, the aid of the military power to enforce the orders of the Court. Senator Johnson objected to this, saying that it was unnecessary; as that, in the event of the Court convicting the President, the moment the decision was announced, that very moment, the party convicted would cease to be President, and the President of the Senate would legally and constitutionally become President of the United States, and, as such, could, if necessary, at once call upon the army and navy to put him in full possession of all his powers, should there be any attempt to resist the inandate of the High Court of Impeachment.

LORENZO THOMAS DISCHARGED.

The case before Justice Carter took rather a sharp turn. It being developed that Thomas was to waive an examination, and surrender himself in order to get out a writ of habeas corpus before some Democratic Supreme Judge, and get up some new complications of the case, Carter cut the knot quickly, by discharging Thomas without bail, on the ground that, as he was only sitting as an examining court, and as the Grand Jury would be in session soon, there was no danger of the escape of Thomas. Whereupon Lorenzo left the court and brought suit against Secretary Stanton for illegal and malicious imprisonment, and claiming damages to the amount of $150,000. He might as well have laid the damages at a million.

It is said that a writ of *quo warranto* will be applied for by the President, to make Secretary Stanton show why he retains possession of the War Department, the object of the President being to get the matter into the Courts, with a view to effect on the impeachment trial.

Preparations for the impeachment trial are now being made by the officials of the Senate. The Senators will be located on a raised platform to the right and left of the chair of the Chief Justice, and the committees of the House, acting as managers of the case, will occupy the space immediately in front of the Secretary's desk. It is probable that measures will be taken to prevent the crowding of the galleries, by the issue of a certain number of tickets to spectators.

GEN. EMORY'S TESTIMONY.

Among the testimony submitted to the House with the Report of the Impeachment Committee, is that of Gen. Emory, the military commander of the Department of Washington, which has peculiar significance and forms the basis of the closing article of impeachment as adopted by the House. Gen. Emory being called before the Committee testifies that the President sent for him on the 22d of February, and inquired as to the strength of the garrison at Washington and the general disposition of the troops. In the interview Gen. Emory called the President's attention to the Army Order, based upon the laws of Congress, directing that all orders to the army from the President or Secretary of War must be issued through Gen. Grant, when, says Gen. Emory,

"The President took the order and read it, and observed: 'This is not in accordance with the Constitution of the United States, which makes me commander-in-chief of the army and navy, or with the language of the commission which you hold.' I stated to him that was not a matter for officers to determine. He said: 'Am I to understand that the President of the United States cannot give an order but through the general-in-chief or Gen. Grant?' I replied: 'Mr. President, that is the order which has been issued for the government of the army, and I think it due to you to say that when this order first came out, it was very much discussed in the army, and some of the leading lawyers of the country were consulted as to what the duty of an officer was under that law and order," and I observed "one of them whom I consulted, and I consider him, perhaps, one of the greatest constitutional lawyers in the country, gave it as his very decided opinion that we were bound by it. And I think it right to tell you that on this subject the army is a unit." He asked me who the lawyers were. I told him the one I consulted was a klinsfolk of mine, Robert J. Walker, and that I had understood, though I did not know of my own knowledge, that others had consulted Mr. Reverdy Johnson, who, it was reported, held the same opinion. The President replied, "The object of the law is very evident."

THE PROBABLE VERDICT.

A Washington letter to the New York *Tribune* says:

It requires no great stretch of the imagination to come to the conclusion that Mr. President Johnson's career is about to come to an abrupt termination.

The Democrats continue to occupy an almost passive position in regard to Mr. Johnson's fate. In conversation they speak of it as already settled, and discuss with perfect equanimity its probable consequence.

Latest by Telegraph.

ADDITIONAL IMPEACHMENT ARTICLES ADOPTED.

WASHINGTON, March 4, 1868.

Two additional Impeachment articles have been adopted by the House, charging scandalous speeches by the President in Washington, Cleveland and St. Louis, and alleging refusal to execute the Re-construction and other laws. They greatly strengthen the case. All the Impeachment articles will be presented to the Senate to-day.

GENERAL NEWS.

EX-Governor Thomas Ford, of Ohio, died in Washington on Saturday.

THE Copperhead State Convention will meet at Harrisburg to-day.

IF Mr. Johnson is convicted, Senator Wade becomes President.

GOLD, since the impeachment movement, has fallen to 141.

THE House Committee of Ways and Means have determined to retain the tax of $2 per gallon on whiskey.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM in New York, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, all the curiosities and most of the wild animals perishing in the flames.

THE U. S. Senate has rejected the nomination of Col. Moses N. Wisewell, of New York, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in place of Mr. Rollins.

"PRESIDENT OR KING."—When 'swinging round the circle' to Chicago, Premier Seward used to harangue the crowd at each station, asking whether they wanted a 'President or King.' Johnson has tried the 'King dodge,' but it is no go.

THE trial of Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, of N. York, for violating a canon of the Episcopal church, by preaching in a Methodist church and dispensing with the service prescribed by the Episcopal church, has ended in his conviction.

THE Cleveland *Herald* says a one-armed soldier, belonging to the Eighth Ohio Congressional District, who happened to be in Perry County on the day of the late election, walked thirty-two miles to get to a railroad that would take him home in time to vote for the Republican soldier, John Beatty.

WANTED.—Any person desiring the appointment of Brevet Lieutenant General, will please apply to President Johnson, with headquarters at the White House, Penns. avenue, D. C. Qualifications are of no account, as anybody will be accepted. All patriotic and eligible generals have declined—applications from corporals and privates will be entertained after to-day.—*Meadville Republican.*

GENERAL GRANT having made a thorough investigation into the recent removal of the City Councils of New Orleans, by General Hancock, has decided that they were unjustly removed, and has therefore revoked Hancock's order and reinstated the councilmen. In consequence of this order Gen. Hancock has asked to be relieved from the command of the 5th military district.

A COLORED wedding in "high life" took place in St. Louis, last week, the parties being James P. Thomas, a barber, worth about $400, 000, and the bride Antoinette Rudger worth about the same—both colored. The ceremony was imposing, occupying 2½ hours. The bride wore a veil which cost $750 and ear rings costing $5,000. The husband presented the bride, a check for $10,000 as a wedding gift.

GOOD FOR ROBERT J. WALKER.—The Washington correspondent of the *Press* states that on Monday morning a self-constitution committee of Democrats, made up of members of Congress and of members of the National Democratic Committee, called on Hon. Robert J. Walker to express their surprise at the report that he had advised Gen. Thomas to respect the law providing that no military orders shall be issued except through Gen. Grant. On his admitting the correctness of the report they strongly expressed their disapprobation, and said they expected him to be among the foremost in sustaining the prerogatives of the Executive. He heard them through quietly, and then replied, substantially as follows: "Gentlemen, we want peace in this country, and any man who commits an act tending to provoke bloodshed, and involve us again in civil strife, I want to see hung to the first lamp-post."

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CUMBERLAND.—George K. Duke, of Shippensburg, last week came near losing his life by the premature discharge of a pistol in his hands, the ball penetrating the right temple, and lodging above the right eye, severing an artery in its course.—Reuben Shuler had his head cut open from the forehead over the top and towards the back of the head, at the Doubling Gap saw-mill, on the 25th ult., making a terrible gash, the bone being cut through and brain laid bare so as to show the pulsations of the arteries. It was thought he might recover.

CARROLL.—The new Lutheran Church in Westminister was dedicated on the 23d ult., Rev. C. A. Stork, of Baltimore, and Rev. Dr. Butler, of Washington, officiating.—Zachariah H. Busby has purchased the Taylor House, in Emmitsburg, from Mr. John Taylor, for $10,000.—Jacob D. Hoppe, Esq., late sheriff, died on the 25th ult.

FRANKLIN.—Mrs. Rickenbaugh, an aged lady, fell in her yard in Waynesboro on the 26th ult., breaking one of her arms.—A meeting was held in Waynesboro, on the 25th ult., to further the movement for a Railroad from Scotland, via Waynesboro, to the Maryland line.

FREDERICK.—Father Mathew Sanders, a well-known Catholic priest, died in Frederick on the 2d inst.—Frederick Bruchey, of Frederick, had his leg fractured in a threshing machine on the 19th ult.—Wm. Cronise recently sold his farm of 165 acres, in Creagerstown district, to G. J. Boil for $17,000; and Daniel Main of Jefferson district, his farm of 155 acres to George H. Keefauvre, for $20,000.—The flouring mill of John W. Barrick, Esq., about 1½ miles Southeast of Woodsboro,' was totally destroyed by fire on Thursday evening last.

FULTON.—Diptheria has made its appearance in Fulton and Bedford counties. A Mr. Fraker of Fulton, lost four children in five weeks, and Amos Potts, of same county, six children in seven days. Josiah Wilhelm, of Bedford county, lost five children in the month of January—all from diptheria.

WASHINGTON.—A concert for the benefit of the Maryland Sunday School Union will be given in Hagerstown on Monday evening next, in Lutheran church, Philip Phillips, of New York, assisting.—On the night of the 19th ult., the barn of John Loatz, of Hagerstown, was destroyed by fire, with contents; loss $6,000, of which $1500 were insured in Leitersburg company; supposed to be the work of an incendiary.—Crows in immense numbers have made their appearance in the neighborhood of Williamsport, thousands daily passing over Hagerstown in the direction of the mountains.

YORK.—Jacob Bender has purchased the House and lot of Eve Ann Winebrenner, deceased, in Hanover, for $1,936.50.—A Building Association is being organized in Hanover.

"THE SWEETEST THING IN LIFE"—Is good health and good spirits, and if you have them not, the next best thing is what will restore bloom to the faded cheek and happiness to the drooping heart: The great and sure remedy is Plantation Bitters, which our physicians recommend to both male and female patients as a safe, reliable, agreeable and cordial stimulant. They contain nothing to disagree with the most delicate constitution, and have won golden opinions from all who have tried them; and probably no article was ever tried by so many persons. They elevate the depressed and give strength to the feb. 26, 2t

THE Magnolia Water is a delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, at half the price.

Legal Notices.

Receipts and Expenditures OF ADAMS COUNTY FOR 1867.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, } ADAMS COUNTY, PA. }

AGREEABLY to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective counties to publish a Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures yearly, we, the Commissioners of Taxes of said county, do report as follows, to wit—from the 7th day of January, A. D., 1867, to the 7th day of January, A. D., 1868, both days inclusive:

JACOB SHEADS, Esq., Treasurer, and the Commissioners, in account with the county of Adams, as follows:

DR.

To cash in hands of Treasurer at last settlement	$2,131 50
Outstanding County Taxes and Quit Rents in hands of Collectors	10,492 69
County Rates and Levies assessed for 1867.	
Borough of Gettysburg	$1,732 10
" Quit Rents	173 04
Cumberland township	1,538 56
Oxford "	1,435 90
Huntington "	1,556 92
Franklin "	1,768 17
Straban "	1,844 12
Mamilton "	1,528 88
Hamiltonban "	1,235 90
Mountpleasant "	1,768 19
Reading "	1,487 43
Latimore "	1,872 26
Butler "	1 11 26
Mamilton "	1,121 99
Union "	1 064 91
Mountjoy "	1,263 18
Conewago "	1,265 26
Germany "	974 92
Tyrone "	974 12
Liberty "	967 51
Berwick "	1,007 94
Freedom "	6 585 07
Highland "	629 86
Littlestown Borough	527 03
Berwick "	353 08
Loans from Bank and sundry persons	29,383 93
Cash received per Philip Haas, Sheriff, for Jury fees	8,967 73
Cash received from James J. Fink, for coal for office	72 00
Cash received from J. A. Kitzmiller, for coal for office, 2 years	40 00
Cash received from A. W. Miner, for coal for office, 1 year	20 00
Cash received for old lumber from bridges	50 48
Cash received from J. M. Watt, Esq., fines	25 00
Dividend from Water Company, 3 years	43 20
Exonerated Tax	2 54
Additional Tax	2 54
Balance due Treasurer by county	125 48
	35 45
	$61,430 10

The outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents appear to be in the hands of the following Collectors, viz:

Trs. Collectors.	*Bor. & Twps.*	
1866.		
Henry Butters, Huntington	$240 66	
1866.		
Henry Shultz, Huntington	191 59	
Michael Bender, Menallen	967 37	
Frederick Quigle, Straban	194 80	
A. Eckenrode, Mountpleasant	124 98	
Daniel A. Sell, Union	132 73	
Henry Shybaugh, Butler	90 26	
D. A. Comfort, Mountjoy	114 01	
F. H. Ebert, Tyrone	64 14	
John Nunnemaker, Liberty	178 01	
T. Blocher, Littlestown	37 92	
T. Pfleger, Berwick bor.	111 88	
1867.		
J. Cob Remmel, Gettysburg bor.	811 97	
" Quit Rents	173 04	
John Keefauver, Cumberland	317 61	
George Shaus, Oxford	571 23	
John Deal, Huntington	926 00	
Henry Deardorff, Franklin	536 16	
T. Teaghinbaugh, Straban	856 63	
Tyson Thomas, Menallen	466 24	
R. McGinley, Hamiltonban	666 17	
Jacob Mellhora, Mountpleasant	638 97	
J. J. Orebaugh, Reading	527 97	
Aaron Lew, Latimore	636 00	
Jacob B. Trostle, Butler	963 00	
Franklin Weller, Hamilton	353 21	
Jesse W. Snyder, Mountjoy	377 14	
Joseph Klenk, Conewago	419 46	
Samuel Harner, Germany	242 47	
John Delap, Tyrone	799 00	
James Cory, Liberty	376 82	
Hiram Pepper, Berwick	153 74	
John Dubbs, Highland	236 00	
Henry Kobler, Berwick bor.	27 56	
	12 625 60	

☞ Union, Freedom and Littlestown had paid in full before settlement for 1867.

☞ Those marked thus (*) have since paid in full. Those marked thus (†) have since paid in part.

CR.

By orders paid out, as follows:	
By auditing and settling public accounts	$18 00
J. C. Neely, Esq., auditor appointed by the Court to audit public offices	25 00
Printing, blanks, &c.	452 24
Sheriff's bills of Court costs	1,280 19
Clerk's pay	500 00
Abatement to collectors of 5 per cent. for 1864 and 1865	484 00
Fox and wild cat scalps	41 75
General Jury and Tip-staves' pay	1,249 17
Assessors' pay	567 24
Adam Rebert, Esq., late Sheriff, fees for keeping prisoners and turnkey, 1865 and 1866	1,416 38
Wood and coal for public buildings	350 46
Repairs on public buildings	111 68
Grand Jury and Tip-staves' pay	812 83
Surveyor, Prothonotary and Clerk of Sessions' fees	369 10
Tax refunded to sundry persons	36 08
Certificates of Constables' returns	2 00
Counsel fees	99 26
Treasurer of Alms House	75 00
Postage and stationery for Commissioners' office	12,700 00
Notes and interest paid Bank and sundry persons	68 56
Quit Rents paid Marcus Samson to Jan. 10, 1867	4,197 55
A. J. Cover, Esq., District Attorney's fees	3 00
Abraham Krise, Esq., Commissioner's pay	324 00
Samuel Wolf, Esq., Commissioner's pay	285 00
Miles Wierman, Esq., Commissioner's pay	285 00
Keeping prisoners at Eastern Penitentiary	492 57
A. Rebert, late Sheriff, conveying prisoners to Eastern Penitentiary	355 00
Philip Haas, Sheriff, conveying prisoners to Eastern Penitentiary	549 84
Dennis Keagle, bonfires, &c., for 1865 & 1867	121 67
R. G. McCreary, Esq., Attorney's fee to Harrisburg	46 00
Inquisition on the body of Peter Gloss	29 20
C. H. Buehler, cylinder for stove	11 12
Gas pipes and fixtures at Jail	108 54
Thomas Onis, cleaning privy at Court house	24 00
John Gilt, on painting Court House cupola	37 12
Wm. L. Murphy & Son, for desks for County Offices	41 25
Michael Repp, Court House keeper	35 50
Bedding and clothing for prisons	22 50
Wm. B. Lamb, for seal presses for County Offices	79 00
Adams County Agricultural Society	100 00
James M. Rosser, for arresting horse thief	20 00
J. F. Kohler, for arresting horse thief	64 00
Deficiency on State taxes and paid by the County	2,386 71
Jacob Sheads, Treasurer, errors in collectors' accounts	150 00
W. A. Picking, Agent Perpetual Fire Insurance on Court House of $6,000	406 50
Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, medical attendance on paupers for 1866 and 1867	50 00
Jury Commissioners' pay	23 04
A. B. McNair, County Bounty day 1862	50 00
Paul Herah, " "	50 00
J. H. Keough, " "	50 00
Revenue stamps	25 25
Orphan's Court	17 00
Special Court, Dec. 9, 1867	207 34
Philip Haas, Sheriff, for summoning Jurors	86 40
A. Sheely, County Superintendent, by an Act of Assembly	50 00
Officers' pay at Spring Election	630 01
" " Fall "	547 16
Directors of the Poor pay	463 08
Road damages and damage views	462 00
Repairs at bridges	509 49
Henry Chritzman contract in full on bridge at Bricker's mill	1,798 00
Jacob Smith, contract in full on Blue Spring bridge	673 23
Exonerations allowed collectors	864 18
Collectors' fees	1,538 68
Outstanding Tax and Quit Rents in hands of collectors	12,625 60
Treasurer's salary	733 04
	$61,430 10

State Taxes due County.

DR.

To amount of outstanding 2½ mill State Tax due County	$7 32
To amount of outstanding ½ mill State Tax due County	108 22
	48 12
	$163 70

CR.

By amount of outstanding 2½ mill State Tax due County	$26 48
By amount of outstanding ½ mill State Tax due County	36 26
By amount of fees allowed collectors	46 75
By amount of exonerations to collectors	2 79
Balance due County by Treasurer	47 29
	$163 70

Relief Funds.

DR.

To amount of outstanding Military Funds for Relief	$37 02
To amount of outstanding Relief	135 70
	$172 72

CR.

By exonerations allowed collectors	$44 22
Balance due County by Treasurer	128 50
	$172 72

County Bounty.

DR.

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The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Wednesday, March 4, 1868.

SALES.—The following sales of Personal Property, to take place this spring, will be found in our advertising column:

" 5 & 6.—Wm. Wible, Straban tp.
" 6.—A. J. Sender, Menallen tp.
" "—John A. Slagh, Butler tp.
" 7.—Henry Speck, "
" "—Hezekiah Lashar, Franklin tp.
" 10.—Isaac Bascbor, Union tp.
" "—J. McCleary and Rush M. Bigham, Freedom tp
" "—J. W. Fiddler, Straban tp.
" "—Cyrus S. Griest, Butler tp.
" 12.—J. W. Weigle, Highland tp.
" 13.—Andrew Walker, Highland tp.
" "—Amos Cashman, Straban tp.
" 14.—Alex. D. Taylor, of Joseph, Menallen tp.
" 17.—Jesse Cook, Baltimore tp.
" "—Jesse Cook, York Sulphur Springs near Bruntown.
" 18.—Christian Benner, Straban tp.
" "—Samuel S. Stockslager, Cashtown near Fairfield.
" 19.—George Hewitt, Menallen tp.
" "—Joseph A. Wierman, Huntington tp.
" 20.—John Krumrine, Union tp.
" "—John Cleaver, Huntington tp.
" 26.—Sarah Heller, Mendenhall tp.
" "—Catharine and Charlotte Reever, Monntpleasant tp.
" 28.—Samuel Lawver, Butler tp. near Beecher's Factory.

EXHIBITIONS.—Exhibitions will be given by Center Mills School on Thursday and Friday evenings next, to consist of speeches, music, &c.

REMOVED.—McDonald and Williams, arrested at Fairfield and lodged in jail here, for robbing the store of J. W. Miller, near Mechanicstown, Md., were, last week, removed by the Sheriff of Frederick county, on requisition of the Governor.

PREMIUMS.—The York Springs Building Association is in successful organization, the Stock being all disposed of, some changing hands at a premium. On Saturday evening last, the money on hand was sold at 33½ per cent. premium.

On Saturday evening the Gettysburg Building Association sold its money at 40½ per cent. premium.

EARLY TOMATOES.—To have tomatoes early plant a few seeds in a box or pot.—They will soon germinate and grow very rapidly, and when the plants are two inches high, set one of each in boxes three inches square, or very small flower pots, and give them the same attention the house plants get. As soon as all the danger from frost is over, transfer the tomato plants, which will now be budded and perhaps covered with miniature fruit, to the south side of a high fence or sunny side of a building, into not over rich soil, and you will have ripe tomatoes in July.

LECTURE.—On Friday evening Rev. Dr. McCron, of Baltimore, delivered in Agricultural Hall, in presence of a large audience, the fifth of the series of Lectures arranged by the Literary Societies of the College, his subject being, "Industry, its trials and triumphs." It was a fine effort, abounding in brilliant thoughts, classical allusions, and eloquent vindications of the dignity and nobility of labor. Dr. McCron, at the close of the Lecture, by special request, read Tennyson's "Charge of the Light Brigade," which, as also the Lecture, was rapturously applauded.

LECTURE ON MORMONISM.—We understand that Col. A. K. McClure, of Chambersburg, has accepted the invitation of the Committee of the Literary Societies of the College to deliver one of the course of Lectures now in progress, and will lecture in Agricultural Hall on Monday evening March 23, on "*Mormonism*." Col. McClure spent the greater part of last year in Utah, Montana and other Western territories, and being a shrewd, close observer, with an eminently clear, practical mind, the results of observation and experience must furnish his a Lecture of more than usual interest. His letters to the New York *Tribune*, during his tour in the territories, attracted much attention. Since his return, he has received numerous invitations to lecture, but has been compelled to decline most of them, by reason of pressing engagements, and comes to Gettysburg at the urgent solicitation of the Committee and personal friends. We predict a full house on the evening of the 23d.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. Henry Myers, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of New Chester, died suddenly on Friday night last, of apoplexy. He was in ordinary health on Friday, and in the evening went out into the yard. Not returning for some time, his absence was noted, and search made, when he was found in an out-house, speechless and in a dying condition. He was carried to the house and Dr. Melhorn immediately called in, but without avail, as Mr. Myers expired about 2 o'clock the same night. The deceased was widely known and respected as an upright citizen, enjoying in an usual degree public confidence and esteem. He was in the 77th year of his age.

CONFERENCE.—The Conferees of Fulton, Bedford and Somerset were to meet yesterday to select a delegate to the Republican National Convention. Fulton had instructed for Dr. Duffield, and Bedford for Hon. John Cessna. Somerset presents no name, but would probably vote for Mr. Cessna.

It is understood that the other delegate (each Congressional district being entitled to two) is to be chosen by Franklin and Adams. If our recollection serves us right, four years ago Franklin urged John Stewart, Esq., of Chambersburg, and Adams Dr. Fahnestock of this place, the Conferees deciding in favor of Franklin. Courtesy would therefore give the delegate this year to Adams.

A NUISANCE.—On Saturday evening week, during the Phrenakosmian exercises in Agricultural Hall, many of the audience were annoyed by a number of small boys and girls, who sought admittance evidently for no other purpose than to annoy, by incessant whispering, talking, shuffling of feet, &c. The same thing has been remarked on other occasions, with a growing tendency to mischief. The nuisance should be abated, and we respectfully suggest to the College authorities that in future special police be employed with instructions to eject these youngsters thus misbehaving—or what would probably be better, see that children, unaccompanied by parents or adults, are excluded from these public exercises.

SPRING ELECTIONS.—We hope our Republican friends in the townships will not be caught napping at the elections to take place on the 20th of this month for township officers. These elections are always important—this year especially so, in view of the Presidential contest next fall. Bear in mind the Secret Circular of Wallace, the Chairman of the Copperhead State Committee, which we published a few weeks ago, urging quiet but effective organization in order to secure as many election officers as possible. Give them the control of the election boards and the enormous frauds by which the Copperheads carried the State last fall—by which they elected Judge Woodward in the Luzerne district, where fraudently naturalization papers were manufactured by the thousands—will be repeated *ad libitum* next fall. See to it that this game is blocked by nominating good and true men as candidates for township offices, and then elect them by bringing out a full vote. Forewarned—forearmed.

MORE SNOW.—It has been snowing more or less for several days, and the snow now lies 15 or 18 inches deep, with intensely cold weather—the mercury yesterday morning going down to zero.

LEGISLATIVE.—Last week Mr. McConaughy read in place an act granting a pension to Jacob Comfort, of Adams county, a soldier of the war of 1812, which was referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

The supplement to the Act incorporating the Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, reported by Mr. McConaughy, has passed the Senate. It provides for 11 instead of 21 managers, and is asked for by the Company.

The Border Relief Bill, appropriating $500,000 to Adams, Franklin, Fulton, Bedford, York and Cumberland counties, as indemnity for property destroyed, damaged or appropriated for the public service, and in the common defence, in the war to suppress the rebellion, the $500,000 to be divided *pro rata* as a final appropriation (damages for burning of Chambersburg being excluded)—came up the House last week, on the reading of the private calendar, but was objected to by Mr. Mann, of Potter, and went over. It will come up this week, when the calendar of objected bills is reached. We regret to say our information from Harrisburg is not favorable to the passage of the bill. As a measure of fairness and justice to the border counties which suffered so heavily from their exposed condition, growing out of the inability of the Government to protect them, the bill ought to be passed promptly. Upon these counties, as shields for the balance of the State, was inflicted all the damage which Rebel power and malignity could inflict, and it is supremely selfish in the representatives of more favored counties to refuse to contribute towards making good at least a portion of these damages.

The Bill changing the time of holding Courts in Adams county, heretofore noticed, has passed both Houses and been approved by the Governor.

An interesting and lively debate was had in the Senate last week on resolutions approving the impeachment of the President. The resolutions as prepared by Mr. McConaughy and reported by the Committee on Federal Relations were finally adopted by a strict party vote, viz:

Resolved, That the thanks of the people of this Commonwealth are due and are hereby tendered, through their immediate Representatives, to the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States for its fidelity to the people and its promptness in preferring articles of impeachment against Andrew Johnson for his late acts of usurpation.

That the thanks of the people of Pennsylvania are due and are hereby tendered to Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War, for his courage and fidelity in resisting the attempted invasion of his office and violation of the fundamental law, and his resolute resistance to Executive encroachment.

The supplement to York and Gettysburg Turnpike Company, noticed last week as having passed the House, simply legalizes past elections of officers, &c., the second section, which authorized the collection of toll from all persons using the pike whether passing through toll-gates or not, having been struck out by reason of numerous remonstrances being sent in.

GAS COMPANY.—The following gentlemen were unanimously elected officers of the Gettysburg Gas Company, on Monday evening, viz:

President—E. G. Fahnestock.

Managers—A. D. Buehler, H. D. Waitles, J. B. Danner, W. A. Duncan, S. R. Russell, M. Eichelberger.

Rev. Dr. Jacobs, to whom our citizens are largely indebted for the existence of the Company, under whose supervision the Gas Works were erected, and who has acted as President ever since the organization of the Company, declined a re-election by reason of ill-health. The annual statement shows the Company to be in a very prosperous condition. The consumption of gas during the past year, realized $4,426.15, being in excess of any previous year. The statement shows a cash balance in hands of Treasurer of $1,485.46, after payment of dividends and working expenses. It is intended to put up another bench of retorts, the expense of which, with other contemplated improvements, will be about $700.

ADDITIONAL BOUNTY.—Under the act of July 28, 1866, giving additional Bounty to soldiers who served in War to suppress the Rebellion, it was ruled that the Bounty was payable to the soldier himself, but not to his heirs. Hence when the soldier died subsequent to discharge no Bounty could be recovered. This is remedied by a recent Act of Congress, approved Feb. 21, 1868, which we subjoin for the information of persons interested:

Be it enacted, &c., That if any person or persons entitled to the bounty provided by sections 12 and 13 of the act making appropriations for the civil service, approved July 28, 1866, shall have died or shall die before receiving said bounty, it shall be paid to the heirs of the soldiers as designated in said act in the order therein named, and to none other.

MORNING GLORY STOVE.—Great improvements in Stoves have been made within the last few years by scientific men, who have directed their attention to the work of securing the greatest amount of he at from a given quantity of fuel, and it is now admitted on all hands that the base-burn ing stoves are beyond all question the most economical and comfortable. Of the base-burn ing stoves, it is also now admitted by all who have tested them, that the MORNING GLORY is equally beyond question the MOST ECONOMICAL, and most desirable—consuming the least coal, easily managed, free from dust, and producing a uniform heat which is equally diffused throughout the room. Having a mill-grate, they never clog up with cinders, and being once started can be burnt the entire winter without cleaning and without letting the fire go out. They are likewise ornamental, and equally adapted for parlor, chamber, office, hotel and hall. Over FIFTY of these stoves have been sold in Gettysburg and vicinity this winter. They can be seen in daily use at the Eagle Hotel, and the Washington House, and also at the "Star and Sentinel" office.

☞Col. C. H. Buehler, at the corner of Railroad and Carlisle streets, is the sole Agent for the MORNING GLORY, for Adams county.

☞Also, on hand a large variety of COOKING and PARLOR STOVES, COAL, LUMBER, Washing Machines, Tin Ware &c. Call and examine. tf

BITTERS.—In the medical world, now-a-days, Bitters are all the rage. In one form, or another, under one name or another, they and their staring advertisements are to be found, professing to cure all the ills flesh is heir to, from a bump on the head to the small pox. Of their efficacy in general we know nothing, but there is one variety concerning which we hear praise from all.—We refer to Hoofland's German Bitters. This is not a mere preparation of some sort of liquor and bitter herbs and barks, but a Medicine designed for Diseases of the Stomach and Bowels, and of great power and usefulness. We have not made these assertions without consulting those who know, and are competent to judge, and they all fully endorse what we say.

The above remarks are copied from the Editorial columns of the *Eagle*, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. You will recollect that *Hoofland's German Bitters* is entirely free from any alcholic ingredients. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with *pure* Santa Cruz Rum, orange, anise, &c. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some Alcoholic Stimulant is necessary, and makes a preparation delightfully pleasant and agreeable. Principal Office, 631 Arch St., Philad'a, Pa. Sold everywhere. tf

☞Special attention of Ladies is invited to WM. T. HOPKIN'S Three Grades of Hoop Skirts—the "*Keystone Skirt*," "*Union Skirt*," and "*Champion Skirt*." Read advertisement in this issue.

☞"Mischief that may be helped is hard to know," said Lord Brooke. But the mischief that time would work on the human hair may be forever avoided by the use of "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative," which never fails to bring back the hair to its original beauty.—*Rochester Democrat.* It

☞That Iron is Valuable as a Medicine has long been known, but it is only since the preparation of it in the particular form of Peruvian Syrup was discovered that its full power over disease has been brought to light. Its effect in cases of dyspepsia and debility is most salutary. It

☞The "new thing under the sun" of which Solomon doubted is Phalon's "Flor de Mayo," that rare perfume for the handkerchief. It cannot be described, for there is nothing like it in the whole realm of fragrance. Sold by all druggists. 1—3

Special Notices.

BOILS.

Like the volcano, Boils give issue to the foul and fiery contents of the deep interior. To remove the cause of such suffering it is only necessary to vitalize the Blood by supplying it with its *Life Element*, Iron.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP,

(a protected solution of the Protoxide of Iron) will do this effectually, and give *strength*, *vigor* and *new life* to the whole system.

Extract of a letter from Rev. Richard S. Edes, of Boston, Mass.:

"For years I was a sufferer from Boils, so that my life became wearisome through their frequent and persistent recurrence; finally a carbuncle formed in the small of my back. During its progress large pieces of decomposed flesh were every day or two cut away, and the prostration and general disturbance of the system were great. Before I had recovered from this attack two smaller carbuncles broke out higher up, and I was again threatened with a recurrence of the sufferings to which I had so long been subjected. It was at this time that I commenced taking the Peruvian Syrup. I continued taking it until I had used five bottles; since then I have had nothing of the kind. For years I was one of the greatest sufferers. Other medicines gave me partial and temporary relief, but this remarkable remedy, with a kind and intuitive reason, went directly to the root of the evil, and did its work with a thoroughness worthy of its established character."

A 32 page Pamphlet sent free. The genuine has "Peruvian Syrup" blown in the glass.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor,
No. 36 Dey st., New York.

Sold by all druggists.

The best known remedy for
SCROFULA,
in all its manifold forms, including *Ulcers, Cancers, Syphilitic, Salt Rheum, Consumption, &c.*, is DR. ANDERS' IODINE WATER, a pure solution of Iodine *without a solvent*, discovered after many years of scientific research and experiment. For scrificating humors from the system it has no equal. Circulars sent free.

J. P. DINSMORE,
36 Dey st., New York.
Sold by Druggists generally. [Mar. 4.-1m

The Great Prize!
Exhibition Universelle, Paris, 1867.
The Howe Sewing Machine Company.
Elias Howe, Jr.
Awarded over Eighty-two Competitors,
THE HIGHEST PREMIUM,
The Only Cross of the Legion of Honor
and
GOLD MEDAL
given to
AMERICAN SEWING MACHINES,
per Imperial Decree, published in the "Moniteur Universel" (Official Journal of the French Empire,) Tuesday, 24 July, 1867, in these words:

ELIAS HOWE, JR. { Fabricante de Machines a coudre exposant. Manufacturer of Sewing Machines, Exhibitor.

This double first honor is another proof of the great superiority of the Howe Sewing Machine over all others.

SIBLEY & STOOPS,
No 23 South Eighth Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
Agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Western Virginia.
[March 4.-3m

GEORGE JACOBS & BRO., Gettysburg,
Agents for Adams County.

NO LOSS CAN BE MORE FATAL TO BEAUTY, ESPECIALLY in the female sex, than the loss of the hair; closely, then rises the ruin of the mental powers of all personal charms. When baldness or even a deficiency of hair exists, we naturally look for a dry and wrinkled skin, a faded complexion, and a dull, lustreless eye, as we see them in imagination. Why, then, not cultivate your hair? Restore rags it and strengthen it; or if your hair is gray or white, the natural color can be restored by a few applications of Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (new style) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (in *one bottle*.) Price One Dollar. Every Druggist sells it. [Mar. 4.-1m

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted by the use of nostrums, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, wet dreams, or nervous irritation, or any other general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or nervous organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a sticki sediment settle to the bot. Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have a specific of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, irritable, low-spirited, gloomy, &c? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye dull or brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to melancholy? If so, do not delay. It is Your body weak, your knees weak, and have but little energy, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and secret indulgence, are all capable of producing weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those who are single, enterprising, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complaining of nervousness, weak stomach, palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed; they are sure they'll become rich and respected; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—many of your doctors look as if they were ashamed to meet them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only destroy their constitutions, but also those they do beget sons with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse, and to excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much so to induce almost every other disease—nervousness, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.—Helmbold's Extract Buchu is the article—the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness of each one of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
April 26, 1867.-1y

THERE ARE TWO SPECIAL QUALITIES WHICH DETERMINE and fix the superiority of Mrs. S. A. Allen's New Style Improved Hair Restorer or Dressing, in one bottle, over all other preparations for the Hair. First, the prompt, quick action, great growth, life, and vigor that it is sure to give to the Hair, when nothing, by any application, to restore Gray or White Hair to its natural color, imparting to the Hair a delightful sense, fresh, delicate, and unchangeable in its nicety and delicacy. Second, its very application without any previous preparation of the Hair; without that sticky and disagreeable sulphur odor found and complained of in all other preparations. It never soils the skin or Linen. Ladies will find it a standard Toilet luxury to dress their Hair. It restores the Hair in any desired position, and is cooling, healing, and cleansing to the Scalp, removing immediately all scurf, dandruff, and pimples. Price one dollar. Sold by all Druggists. 1y
Feb. 19.-1m

TO THE LADIES.—FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR,

We are selling *Silk, Shawls, Dry and Fancy Goods* of every description, also, *Sewing Machines, Furniture, &c.*, for one dollar. Presents, from 10 to $500, and *Trial* always to agents sending order of ten and upwards. Circulars sent free to any address.
P. O. Box, 5281. 42 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.
Oct. 8.-6m

SEND 25 CENTS for your choice of 150 Useful Articles or for ONE DOLLAR EACH, and full particulars of the most popular Sale in the world. Address TOWLE & CO., 7 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass. [Feb. 12.-3m

COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN *ERASIVE SOAP.*

Is recommended from PURE MATERIALS, and may be obtained of the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. [May 15, 1867.-1y

Special Notices.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MEDICINES IN THE WORLD.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect cures effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the system and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors
Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

April 4, 1867.—1yeow

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, and a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
June 5, 1867.—1y 823 Broadway, New York.

Spear's WINES are pure juice Grape Wines and excel in purity and richness most of our native vintages. They are used in Churches for communion purposes and in hospitals for invalid and convalescents on account of their purity and reliability. [Sept. 18.-1y

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 806 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. [Nov. 20, 1867.-1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No 166 South Second st., Williamsburg, New York.
June 5, 1867.—1y

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain and Produce Market.

Baltimore, Tuesday Morning.

Super Flour,	9 50	@	10 00
Extra Flour,	10 50	@	11 00
Buckwheat meal,	5 25	@	5 37
White Wheat,	2 70	@	2 90
Red Wheat,	2 50	@	2 60
Corn,	1 10	@	1 16
Rye,	1 65	@	1 73
Oats,	81	@	82
Timothy-seed,	3 00	@	3 25
Clover-seed,	8 00	@	9 00
Flax-seed,	2 75	@	2 80
Bacon, Hams,	18	@	20
" Sides,	14½	@	15½
" Shoulders,	11	@	12½
Lard,	16½	@	17
Gold, Phila.,	1 41		

Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning

Super Flour,	8 50		
Extra Flour,	9 50		
White Wheat,	2 10	@	2 20
Red Wheat,	2 10	@	2 30
Corn,	1 00		
Rye,	1 80		
Oats,	65		
Buckwheat,	1 00		
Timothy Seed,	2 00		
Clover Seed,	7 50		
Potatoes,	1 20	@	1 25
Butter,	35		
Lard,	11	@	12
Eggs,	20		
Bacon, Hams,	14	@	16
" Sides,	12		
" Shoulders,	12		
Soap,	7	@	8
Tallow,	10		

Married.

Colton—Smith.—On the 18th ult., at Conowago Chapel, by Rev. Father Villiger, Mr. Wm. Colton, of Baltimore, to Miss Annie A. Smith, of Conowago.

Lentz—Beitler.—On the 27th ult., at the Pastor's residence, New Chester, by Rev. H. C. Greenawalt, Mr. Samuel Lentz to Miss Hannah Beitler, both of Middletown, this county.

Reindollar—Musselman.—On the 27th ult., by Rev. E. S. Johnston, William M. Reindollar, of Taneytown, Md., to Miss Eliza J. Musselman, of Fairfield.

Slothour—Stover.—On the 20th ult., by the Rev. D. W. Wolff, Mr. Israel Slothour of Straban township, to Miss Jennie A. Stover, of Munmasburg.

Died.

☞Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

Epley.—On the 24th ult., in Straban township, Mrs. Maria Magdalene, wife of Mr. Peter Epley, aged 59 years 6 months and 17 days.

Henry.—On the 13th ult., at New Chester, Mrs. Sarah Henry, aged 80 years 3 mos. and 2 days.

Jones.—On the 26th Jan., Mrs. Mary E. Jones, wife of Theodore Jones, of Menallen township, aged 24 years 6 mos. and 24 days.

Kepner.—On the 22d ult., Mrs. Harriet Kepner, formerly of this place, aged 29 years 4 months and 20 days.

March.—On the 19th ult., near New Chester, Willie, son of Jacob March, aged 2 years 10 months and 7 days.

Resser.—On the 16th ult., at Quincy, Franklin county, Pa., Mrs. Catharine Resser, formerly of East Berlin, aged 75 years 2 months and 4 days.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—Is hereby given to all persons indebted by Note to "Getty's Lodge," to call with the Treasurer, and settle the same, *on or before the 20th of March*—as all Notes unsettled after that date, will be placed in the hands of a Justice for collection.

By order of the Trustees,
March 4.-3t JOHN RUPP, Treasurer.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscribers, intending to move West, will sell at Public Sale, on *Thursday, the 26th day of March next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, at the late residence of Abel Sherry, deceased, in Monntpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Gettysburg to Hanover, 3 miles from the former place, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

2 FINE 3-YEAR-OLD COWS, good Side Saddle, Cow and Halter Chains, lot of Bacon by the pound, Lard, Wheat Flour by the pound, a quantity of Cloth, Barrel of Vinegar, Stone Jar, Butter, Tubs, Meat Vessels, a lot of Brooms, new Harness, 2 new Tables, 2 sets of new Chairs, a lot of second-hand Chairs, 4 Rocking Chairs, Clock, 3 large Looking Glasses, Bureau, 3 Bedsteads, 2 Stands, Corner Cupboard, Kitchen Cupboard, Sink, Cooking Stove, two-plate Stove, a lot of Carpeting, Ten Pots, 4 Flat Irons, pair Heckles, Wool Wheel, 2 Spinning Wheels, Reel, Tin and Queens ware, Milch Cows, and a great many other articles.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness of each one of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

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COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN *ERASIVE SOAP.*

Is recommended from PURE MATERIALS, and may be obtained of the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. [May 15, 1867.-1y

New Advertisements.

EAST BERLIN FIRM.

REBERT & HOOVER,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

Buckeye Reaper and Mower—Buckeye Self-Raker, Hoffhein's Patent—Self-discharging Wire Horse Rake, Shireman's Patent—Brand's Patent Wire Horse Rake —The Rockaway Wire Rake.—Also,

Threshing Machines,

CORN PLANTERS, TWO KINDS, SHIREMAN'S PATENT AND WAMBAUGH'S PATENT, YORK,

GRAIN DRILLS, MOORE'S PATENT—CORN SHELLER, WAMBAUGH'S PATENT.

REPAIRING of all kinds done on short notice.

Call and see what we can do.

REBERT & HOOVER.

East Berlin, March 4, 1868.—3m

JAS. E. CALDWELL & CO.,
JEWELERS,
NO. 902 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
Manufacturers and Importers
Of every description of
FIRST CLASS GOODS,
belonging to the Business of
Goldsmiths and Silversmiths,
Have removed to their
NEW MARBLE STORE,
Extending from Chestnut Street to Sansom Street, affording ample room and convenient accessories, giving opportunity for a proper display of goods, and better means for their examination.

With extensive and favorable arrangements in this Country and in Europe, we are in a position to offer at moderate FIXED prices,

Watches, Diamonds, Bronze and Marble Goods, Silver Wares, Jewelry, Porcelains, Plated Goods, Musical Boxes,

and every description of
FANCY ARTICLES.

Strangers visiting the city are cordially invited to examine our New Store. [March 4, 1868.-6m

540 MILES
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,
RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA
ACROSS THE CONTINENT,
ARE NOW FINISHED.
THE TRACK BEING LAID AND TRAINS RUNNING
WITHIN TEN MILES OF THE SUMMIT OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

The prospect that the
Whole Grand Line to the Pacific
WILL BE COMPLETED IN 1870,
was never better. The means so far provided for construction have proved ample, and there is no lack of funds for the most vigorous prosecution of the enterprise. The Company's *First Mortgage Bonds* are now offered at PAR. They pay
SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,
and have thirty years to run before maturity. Subscriptions will be received in Gettysburg, Pa., by the
FIRST NATIONAL BANK and
GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK,
and in New York at the Company's office, No. 20, Nassau street, and by
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7, Nassau st.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51, Wall st.,
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 20, Wall st.,
and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in draft or other funds par to New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Office or of its advertised agents, or will be sent free on application.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
Feb. 19, 1868.—tf New York.

BARK! BARK!
1100 CORDS WANTED!
THE SUBSCRIBER WANTS
600 CORDS OF
BLACK OAK BARK,
for which he will pay $6 00 per cord, on delivery, in good order, at his tanyard in Gettysburg. Wanted also
500 CORDS OF
ROCK OAK BARK,
for which the highest market price will be given.
JOHN RUPP.
Feb. 12.—3m

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628
WM. T. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE"
OF
"*KEYSTONE SKIRTS*,"

are the best and Cheapest Low Priced Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 23 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs, $1.45. Plain Skirts, 30 tapes, 20 springs, 80 Cents; 25 springs, 95 Cents; 30 springs, $1.15; and 35 springs $1.25. *Warranted in every respect.*

"Our Own Make" of "Union Skirts," Eleven Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, from $1.20 to $2.50. Plain Skirts, 20 to 50 springs, from 95 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods, and at much lower prices.

"Our Own Make" of "Champion Skirts" are in every way superior to all other Skirts in the market. The public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best tempered English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metals fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. *Every lady should try them.* They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining states at very moderate prices. If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, purchase merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM, 628 ARCH ST.,
Between 6th and 7th sts., Philadelphia.
Feb. 26, 1868.—10m WM. T. HOPKINS.

$25 Agents Wanted. $25

We want first-class Agents to introduce our IMPROVED SHAW SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. It is cheap-est and best Machine in the whole country. Extraordinary inducements to good active salesmen. Particulars and sample work furnished on application.

A. J. DUMONT, Agent,
Feb. 26.-3m 630 Arch street, Philadelphia.

TO MILLERS.—For sale a pair of Chopping Stones and Grazing—also a Bone Mill Fixtures. Enquire of
G. R. BRINGMAN.
Gettysburg, Oct. 9.—tf

Photograph Galleries.

REMOVAL!
THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies, has been recently fitted up for the purpose of his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a great deal more than usual facility.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,
of every size and description, executed in the first style in particular attention given to the CARTE-DE-VISITE, and in copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends.

THE GETTYSBURG GEM,
a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, and can only be had at this gallery, for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to satisfy, on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Call and examine our Specimens and Judge for your selves. LEVI MUMPER.
June 25, 1

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

DON'T LEAVE THE FARM.

Come, boys, I have something to tell you,
Come near, I would whisper it low—
You are thinking of leaving the homestead,
Don't be in a hurry to go.
The city has many attractions,
But think of the vices and sins,
When once in the vortex of fashion,
How soon the course downward begins.

You talk of the mines of Australia,
They're wealthy in gold, without doubt,
But ah! there is gold on the farm, boys,
If only you'll shovel it out.
The mercantile life is a hazard,
The goods are first high and then low,
Better risk the old farm awhile longer,
Don't be in a hurry to go!

The great busy West has inducements,
And so has the busiest mart,
But wealth is not made in a day, boys,
Don't be in a hurry to start!
The bankers and brokers are wealthy,
They take in their thousands or so,
Ah! think of the frauds and deceptions,
Don't be in a hurry to go!

The farm is the safest and surest,
The orchards are loaded to-day,
You're free as the air of the mountains,
And monarch of all you survey.
Better stay on the farm a while longer,
Though profits come in rather slow,
Remember you've nothing to risk, boys,
Don't be in a hurry to go!

How to Build a Corn-Crib.—It is asked how to build a rat-proof corn-crib. I have one that has stood for over twenty years, and has never had a rat, and but one mouse in it to my knowledge. Posts ten or eleven feet long and eight inches square; mortice two feet from one end; for side and end-sills, two inch mortice with tusk. Taper post from sill to the end by hewing off inside until the end is reduced to four inches diameter, make smooth with draw-knife, and nail on tin smooth half way to end, below the sill. Let sills be eight inches square; also, end tie thiem and the rafter plates strong with moderate inner ties. Brace well, and lath up and down with three quarter inch lath; dovetail or countersink joists crosswise; lay the floor and board up the ends with ungrooved boards; let each bent be twelve feet long, six feet wide at the sill, and seven and a half feet at plate, with one and a half feet floor, and if full to peak, it will hold two hundred and fifty bushels.

I never had an ear to hurt on account of the great width. If preferred, lay the floor with lath or narrow boards, with room for ventilation. Each post should stand on stone, about three inches from the ground, and each stone have a foundation two feet square, and below the frost.—*Cor. American Institute Farmers' Club.*

Salt and Lime as Manure.—Mr. George Steele, of Thorndale, Chester county, Penna., who is on a farm which was exhausted and its cultivation abandoned seventy-five years ago, but which has been re-claimed from barrenness by an improved system of treatment, in which lime has been extensively used, informs the New York Farmer's Club that salt has a very beneficial effect on his land as a manure for wheat. The primitive rock is talc slate, and the soil gravel, clay and loam. The salt and lime have been applied after plowing, and harrowed in; the lime spread with a shovel or lime-spreader, as soon as slaked, while in a powdered condition, and the salt sowed broadcast, or mixed with the lime before spreading, or the lime slacked in brine. From this experience and observation of the effects of salt on this land, he estimates one and a half sacks of merchantable ground salt, or an equivalent of dirty salt, and twenty-five bushels of lime per acre, as good for wheat as a moderate dressing of stable manure, and the grass after the wheat is as good, where the salt and lime are applied, as where the stable manure was applied.

Useful Hints.—A bit of glue dissolved in skim milk and water will restore crape.

Ribbons of every kind should be washed in cold suds and not rinsed.

If your flat irons are rough rub them with fine salt, and it will make them smooth.

If you are buying a carpet for durability choose small figures.

A bit of soap rubbed on hinges of doors will prevent their creaking.

Scotch snuff put in holes where crickets come out will destroy them.

Wood ashes and common salt wet with water will stop the crack of a stove.

Strong lye put in water will make it soft as rain water.

Half a cranberry, it is said, bound on a corn will soon kill it.

Neuralgia.—We have cut from the Alta *Californian* a receipt for the cure of neuralgia, which the editor of that paper claims to have been effective in several cases of his own knowledge. He says:

Some time ago we published, at the request of a friend, a receipt to cure neuralgia. Half a drachm of sal ammonia in an ounce of camphor water, to be taken a teaspoonful at a dose, and the dose repeated several times, at intervals of five minutes, if the pain be not relieved at once. Half a dozen different persons have since tried the receipt, and in every case an immediate cure had been effected.—In one, the sufferer, a lady, had been affected for more than a week, and her physician was unable to alleviate her sufferings, when a solution of sal ammonia in camphor water relieved her in a few minutes.

A Wrench—Its Value.—Few farmers or owners of wagons and carriages appreciate the value of this little instrument—a wrench—and, failing to do so, foot many a costly bill in needless repairs and new purchases. You cannot allow one part of machinery to work loose from its fastenings without injury to all the rest. At least once a month, every nut and bolt in the running gears of a wagon or carriage should be examined and tested with a wrench. By this precaution, the carriage will be preserved and accidents avoided. So important is this that artillery officers are compelled to report to the Ordnance Department how often the nuts are turned up on artillery carriages.—*Kansas Farmer.*

Exercise for Horses.—Because there is little work for horses during the winter season, they sometimes fail of receiving proper exercise. Do not suffer them to stand the whole week in the stable, but give, at least, one hour's exercise daily. Give sloppy food at least twice a week, and throw a lump of rock salt in the manger.

The Philadelphia *North American* has the following humane suggestion: "If anybody wants to know how a horse feels on a bitter morning, when a frozen bit is placed in his mouth, let them put a frozen dpon upon their own tongues. Having done this, let the coachman or driver see that the bit is warmed before being fixed in position. The horse will look, though he cannot say, 'thank you.'"

Holding up Milk.—Mr. L. Morton informs the *Rural American* that when his cows trouble him in this way, he reaches his hand up and places the ends of his fingers on the backbone, forward of the hips, and presses down hard for a minute or so, and they always give their milk very freely.

Groceries.

JOHN HENDRICKS. HIRAM WARREN.

RECONSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

GROCERIES

cheap, come to our store in East York street where everything in our line will be sold at a short profit.

Everything kept in a first class grocery, will be found there, also

CONFECTIONS AND NOTIONS,

TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

Produce taken in exchange for goods, cash paid for old rags.

☞ Farmers come and see

THE WONDER OF THE AGE,

Warren's Electric Churn,

which makes one-fourth more butter than any other Churn (out of the same cream.) We keep them for sale and will be pleased to show them. Don't forget the place.

HENDRICKS & WARREN.

Gettysburg, Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

Having opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

Including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS.
J. W. CRESS

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!

TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT

GILBERT,

JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the Compiler Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.

Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,

Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,

Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,

Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.

May 25.—tf

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HENRY OVERDEER,

On the Hill in Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Has made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Chopped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.

☞ The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

New Grocery & Flour Store.

MEALS & BROTHER,

Having opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.

May 29, 1866.

Grocery and Liquor Store!

A large assortment of fine

GROCERIES,

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of

LIQUORS,

wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.

☞ B. Minkler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM. J. MARTIN,

May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,

☞ A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a Family Grocery.

Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

The Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage he has before received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals: and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and any one wanting a team is requested to call and examine. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER

THE EAGLE LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in the above place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations at a fair time. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—some of your "old stagers," but all of the "A 1" order.

Hiring parties can always be accommodated, and conveniently equipped and attended.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and suitable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Excursions.

☞ We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.

J. F. TAWS.

May 29, 1867.—

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

have just received their

NEW FALL STOCK,

the largest in the county—consisting of

DRY GOODS,

MERINOES,

POPLINS,

MUSLINS,

ALPACAS,

GINGHAMS,

FLANNELS

DELAINES,

CALICOES,

&c., &c., &c.,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,

in every variety.

CARPETS, a large stock and very cheap

SHAWLS, all kinds and prices.

BLANKETS, very cheap.

QUEENSWARE, the largest stock in the county and very cheap.

HARDWARE and Saddlery, in all its branches, at the lowest market rates.

GROCERIES, of all kinds.

IRON AND NAILS,

OILS AND PAINTS.

Will sell GOODS at prices DEFYING COMPETITION. Give us a call and examine our stock.

SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

Oct. 2, 1867.—tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To All Whom it May Concern!

KNOW YE

THAT

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN

HAVE again been to the cities and bought at low prices a full line of Goods, and will sell

MERINOES, 85 cts. to $1 25.

ALPACAS, 50 cts. to $1 25.

DELAINES, 20 cts. to $1 00.

PRINTS, best, 12½ cents.

MUSLINS, 7 to 25 cents.

CLOTHS, $1 25 to $10.

CASSIMERES, 75 cts. to $3 50.

BLANKETS, $2 50 to $9 pair.

SHAWLS, $1 25 to $11.

FURS, all prices.

HOODS, 50 cts. to $2 50.

GLOVES, 10 cts. to $2 00.

HOSIERY, 12½ to 75 cents.

GINGHAMS, 12 cents.

Northwest Corner of Center Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf

J. L. SCHICK

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

MERINOES,

POPLAINS,

WOOL DELAINES,

ALPACAS,

COBURGS,

and PLAIN and FANCY GOOODS of all kinds, which he is selling CHEAPER THAN EVER. Call at

S. W. Corner of Public Square,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf

DO YOU WANT

CHEAP AND GOOD

Fall and Winter Goods?

"YES!" EVERYBODY ANSWERS.

THEN GO TO THE NEW STORE OF

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

Opposite the Court-House, Gettysburg.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Cloths, Cassimeres, Flannels, Jeans, Cords, Yarns, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck-ties, or anything else in the gentlemen's wear line?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Silks, Alpaca, Delaine, Gingham, Calicoes Sleeve, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, or anything else desired for ladies' wear?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Muslins, Sheetings, Ticklings, Carpetting, Quennsware, Umbrellas, Window Shades, or anything else of the kind?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Furs? You will find a splendid assortment

At REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

Who are now selling goods at prices that must astonish. To be convinced, call and see for yourselves.

Nov. 25, 1867.—tf

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEAFF'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. [Nov. 1866.—tf

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

DRY GOODS

FOR

FALL & WINTER WEAR

AT THE STORE OF

A. SCOTT & SON,

THEIR STOCK CONSISTS OF

MERINOS, all styles.
DELAINES, all styles.
CALICOES, all styles.
MUSLINS, all grades.

Clothe and Cassimeres of all styles and quality. Persons wanting good Goods and fair bargains should go to

A. SCOTT & SON,
Chambersburg street, 2d Square,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Oct. 9, 1867.

New Fall & Winter Goods,

E. HITESHEW

is now receiving a large stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

I call the attention of my customers and the community to my large stock of goods, I am now offering at lower rates than they have been since the war and at prices which cannot fail to strike the purchaser as cheap. With every facility for purchasing goods at as low figures as any in the trade I am also prepared to meet competion on low prices from any and all quarters.

Prompt conformity to the lowest market prices is my established rule.

Petersburg, (V. S.,) Oct. 9, 1867.—1y E. HITESHEW.

Confectionery, Toys and Notions.

E. H. MINNIGH,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

next door to the Keystone Hotel,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Confection, Periodical and News Depot.

All kinds of Confections, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand.

The Daily Papers of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and choice Magazines,

supplied to subscribers at lowest rates.

VALENTINES

Plain, Comic and Fancy, a large assortment just opened

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE.

Feb. 12.—tf

CONFECTIONERY

AND

ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg Str., Gettysburg,

next door to Eagle Hotel,

Having completed his new building, has opened the largest assortment of Confections ever offered in Gettysburg, including

French & Common Candies,

Toys, Nuts, &c., and everything belonging to a first-class Confectionery, with special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen.

ICE CREAM

supplied on shortest notice.

Feb. 12.—tf

JOHN M. MINNIGH.

Diamond Confectionery.

Baltimore Street, opposite Star and Sentinel Office, Gettysburg, Pa.

Confections of all kinds, French and Common Candies, Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Toys, and Notions generally on hand. Also, just received a large assortment of plain, common and fancy

VALENTINES,

all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates. Call and examine.

Feb. 12.—tf

ORNAMENTAL TOYS.

JOHN M. WARNER

Has just received from Philadelphia the largest best and cheapest assortment of

ALBUMS

ORNAMENTAL TOYS,

TOILET SETS,

FANCY CARD DE VISITES,

FRUITS, CONFECTIONS,

AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

ever opened in Gettysburg. Call at his store on Balt more st opposite Fahnestocks' Store. [Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

The undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Guinn, and now continues the

LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. Hunt's coapers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constant ly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Nov. 20, 1867.—tf JACOB REILEY.

LIME FOR SALE

AT

Michael Leer's Old Stand

AT

PETERSBURG, P. O. ADAMS COUNTY, PENN'A.

JOHN AND PETER BECKMAN

Would respectfully announce to the public that they are now prepared to furnish lime in any quantity. Persons would do well to give them a call before going elsewhere as they will find them accommodating in every respect.

Nov. 20, 1867.—3m

NEW LUMBER YARD,

The undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Chas. A. Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

☞ A supply of shingles, at low prices, always on hand

Nov. 1, 1866.—tf JACOB SHEAFF.

Watches and Jewelry.

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

JEWELRY, &C.

CALL AT

SOPER & McCARTNEY'S,

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

On York street, opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Penna.

A new and full assortment just received from the City.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

such as Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., also the trimmings, viz: Keys, Strings, Bows, Bridges and everything belonging to the instruments.

Repairing and all kinds of work in our line done promptly and on reasonable terms.

☞ All work warranted to give satisfaction—and all goods sold, warranted to be what they are represented.

Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

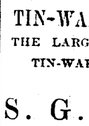
☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov 27, 1867.—1y

SEEING IS BELIEVING

AT 704 ARCH STREET.

NEW PRICES! NEW GOODS!

RICH SILVER & SILVER PLATED WARES,



Including every style and description, made expressly for the Winter trade, which for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed at

JOHN BOWMAN'S

Wholesale and Retail Manufactoring Establishment,

704 ARCH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Re-plating at short notice.

Dec. 18, 1867. [Aug. 21.—1y

Watches for the Million!

ARRANDALE & CO'S GREAT WATCH CLUB.

Everybody needs a good watch, and wishes to get it at the lowest possible price; a horde of swindlers knowing this have contrived various ingenious devices to get people's money, and then either fail to send a watch, or send one that is worthless as a timo-keeper. ARRANDALE & CO have now perfected arrangements by which, for the small sum of $10, a good and reliable watch may be certainly obtained. They have formed a GREAT WATCH CLUB on the following plan. Certificates containing the numbers of all the watches named in our wholesale list (which is sent to all applicants) are mixed up, enclosed in envelopes, and sold for 20 cents each.—Every certificate is WARRANTED to be for a watch, and as will be seen on reference to the list, none are of less value than Ten Dollars, whilst some are worth $200.—We undertake to send any watch drawn whatever may be its value for $10, and in order that every one may absolutely depend upon getting a first class time-keeper, we guarantee that every purchaser of One Dollar's worth of certificates shall receive at least one for watch No. 230 on our wholesale list, sent post-free, which is a first class patent lever, a handsome and reliable watch, in sterling silver hunting case, and usually sold for $20. You will certainly get such a watch; and, besides, you may get a Gold Chronometer worth $80. We scale the certificates as follows: One for 25 cents; Three for 50 cents; Six for $1; and Twenty for $5. To those ordering $5, we will send a gold chain warranted not to tarnish in 20 years.—Parties getting up larger clubs will receive liberal premiums, particulars of which may be learned on application. As it is our intention to do a strictly honorable business, and to insure our customers from any liability to lose, we will send our watches, if desired, without money, instructing the Express agent to collect only on delivery. If we are desired to forward watchesby mail, the money must be sent us by Bank Draft or Post Office Order, and it will then be at our risk. We will then register the package at our post office, and if best will re-place it free of charge. If any watch sent is not approved, it may be returned and the money will be refunded. The reputation of our firm, which has been established for five years, and is well known in every part of the country, we trust will be deemed sufficient guarantee that we will faithfully perform all we contract to do. Address

ARRANDALE & CO.,
162 Broadway, New York,
Post Office Box, 5,285.

☞ E. H. MINNIGH, Chambersburg street, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 2, 1867.—3m

JOHN BOWMAN,

No. 704 Arch Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City

TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1.

Mar. 14, 1867.—1y

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY,

AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's); also some of THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET, among which are the

LD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
ECONOMIST,
BARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

April 29, 1866. S. G. COOK.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE

AND GROCERIES

THE subscribers have just returned from the east with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools.
Blacksmith's Tools.
Shoe Findings. Coach Findings,
Cabinet Maker's Tools.
Housekeeper's Fixtures.

Also, a full assortment of Axle Oils, Paints, &c., &c. The Groceries included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be said at this Store. Every class of Mechanic's can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeeper's can find every article in the line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any in the county.

JOEL B. DANNER
DAVID ZIEGLER.

May 29 1867

Cabinet Making.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned take this method of informing the public that they still carry on the

Cabinet-making Business,

in all its varied branches, and that they now have on hand a large assortment of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,

Tables, Corner Cupboards, Safes, Sinks, Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Chairs, of different kinds; in short every thing in the Cabinet-making line.

ALSO, READY-MADE COFFINS, AND COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

All of which will be finished promptly, at the old stand on South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tan ery. The undersigned having had over 30 years experience in the business, flatter themselves that they can make as good work as any others, if not better. New beginners and others will find it to their advantage to call and buy from us, as we are determined to sell as low as possible to suit the times.

GAILLACH & TRIMMER.

Dec. 18, 1867.—3m

FURNITURE.

SHEAFFER & BECKER,

PETERSBURG, (V. S.,) PENNA.,

Are prepared to offer to the Public, anything in their line as cheap as can be had in the county.

☞ Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE

made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with dispatch.

[Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

ALL KINDS OF GRAINS, Counties, Administrator's and Executor's Notices, Apprentice Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpœnas and Executions, for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office.

Financial.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF GETTYSBURG

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

7-30 NOTES.

Last fall, when the privilege of converting the August 7-30 Notes expired, many persons who did not desire to convert into 5-20 Bonds, or sell, lost the premium and the privilege of converting. It will be the same with the 7-30's maturing in June and July next, if not disposed of in time. This Bank will, either convert, or purchase the 7-30's, allowing premium and interest.

Feb. 19, 1868.—tf GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Is agent for the sale of the first Mortgage.

Union Pacific Rail Road.

6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at 90 cents on the dollar, payable semi-annually at our counter. All necessary information given.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *allowed* 1 *per cent.*, viz:

5 PER CENT. for 1 year.
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 2 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Oct 30, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,

4 " " " 6 MONTHS,
3 " " " 3 "

WILL CONVERT

7-30 NOTES INTO 5-20 BONDS AS USUAL *free of charge;*

CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind free of charge as Commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for

GOLD AND SILVER,

and with pleasure transact all business promptly as here before pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 6, 1867.—tf

GEO. DUMBOLTON, (*late of Carson & Co.*) C. O. WIRT, (*of Hanover, Pa.*)

DUMBOLTON & WIRT,

Corner of Baltimore and St. Paul streets,

BALTIMORE,

BANKERS, BROKERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Government Securities, Gold, Silver, &c.,

HAVE CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

U. S. 1881 BONDS,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 7-30 BONDS,
U. S. 10-40 BONDS,

7-30 BONDS of all issues converted into 5-20's upon the most favorable terms.

Special agents for the sale of

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS, AND

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS,

bearing six per cent. Interest in gold.

☞ Persons wishing to convert any description of securities, or make or change investments, can have the same promptly executed.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL

RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS for Sale.

☞ Deposits received and Interest paid upon balances subject to check at sight. [Dec. 4, 1867.—6m

Notice to Capitalists!

Persons desiring of investing, and realizing nearly NINE PER CENT., are requested to call at the

Gettysburg National Bank,

AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

AND ALSO

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS.

These investments are daily growing in favor and sale increasing.

☞ BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.

Dec. 16, 1867.—tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

A. D. BUEHLER,

DRUG & BOOK STORE,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

Near the Diamond.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS.

☞ COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at wholesale city prices.

Feb. 12.—tf

DR. R. HORNER,

PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,

Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET GETTYSBURG.

Medical advice without charge.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.

PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.

All articles warranted pure and genuine.

Jan 8, 1868.—tf

Drugs and Medicines.

FORNEY'S OLD STAND.

The undersigned having taken charge of the old and popular Store, takes pleasure in informing the public that he is constantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, from the most reliable houses, and is prepared to accommodate his customers with any article in his line.

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

of every description, all the popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day, with a full supply of chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Fluids, Burning Fluid, Hair Oils, Extracts, Soaps, Brushes, together with a great variety of Fancy Articles—in short, everything usually found in a first class Drug Store—constantly on hand.

☞ Physicians supplied at reasonable rates, and prescriptions carefully compounded and prepared at all hours of the day and night. Confident that we will be willing to sell on reasonable terms, we solicit a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call and see for yourselves.

JOHN S. FORNEY.

May 29, 1867.

Miscellaneous.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS,

JEWELRY & SILVER-WARE,

Worth over $2,000,000! All to be sold for ONE DOLLAR EACH.

ARRANDALE & CO.,

162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

AGENTS FOR EUROPEAN MANUFACTURERS,

announce, that in consequence of the overstocking of the English market, an immense quantity of DRY and FANCY GOODS have been consigned to them with instructions to be cleared for immediate cash, at any sacrifice. A. & Co., have, therefore, received to offer them according to their ordinary system of cash resales, without regard to value.

The following list shows the original wholesale prices of some of the articles which they now offer at $1.

Best Wolf and Buffalo Robes..... from $15 00 to $50 00
Set of Fur Sable, Ermine or Mink..... 20 00 to 100 00
Ladies' Muffs..... " 15 00 to 80 00
" Collars..... " 10 00 to 40 00
Silk and Satin Dress Patterns..... 18 00 to 45 00
Barege and Egyptian Cloths..... 6 00 to 12 00
Laces and Mantle de Lyles..... 4 00 to 10 00
French Merinoes and Twills..... 10 00 to 20 00
Cambric, Thibet and Mohair..... 4 00 to 10 00
Balmoral and Elliptic Skirts..... 2 00 to 6 00
Silk and Lace Veils..... 2 00 to 6 00
Sets fine Cuffs and Collars..... 3 00 to 5 00
Pairs of Ladies' Corsets..... 2 50 to 4 00
Handkerchiefs, silk, Plain, Printed and Embroidered, Linen, per dozen..... 6 00 to 18 00
Ladies and Gents' Cotton, Woollen, Silk Hose and half Hose, per pairs..... 1 00 to 12 00
Ladies and Gents' Merino, Flannel and Cotton Shirts and Drawers, each..... 2 50 to 6 00
Coat, Vest and Pantaloon Patterns, Cloth, Cashmere, and Doeskin..... 3 00 to 25 00
Linen and Woollen Table Covers..... 2 00 to 8 00
White and Colored Linen Napkins, per dozen..... 9 00 to 12 00
Muslins, White and Unbleached, per yard..... 15 to 40
Flannels, Shirts in Woollen; Silk and Merino Nubias or Clouds; Woollen Hoods; Blankets; Linen and Muslin Sheets; Velvet and Morocco Portmonaies; Shopping Pocket Knives, with pearl, tortoise and ivory handles; French Clocks; Gilt and Bronze Musical Boxes; Revolvers; Fowling Pieces; Fancy Combs; Hair Nets; Work Boxes; Silver Cord Chains; Albums; Family and Pocket Bibles; Opera Glasses, &c.

We have also received a splendid assortment of WATCHES,

Gold and Silver Hunting Cases for Gents; Enamelled do. for Ladies, together with Chains of every pattern and style.

Sets of Jewelry in every variety: Sleeve Buttons, Thimbles, Lockets; Crosses; Rings of every kind; Bracelets; Gold Pens, &c., &c.

THE SILVER-WARE DEPARTMENT COMPRISES Silver, Dining and Tea Sets, Castors, Ice Pitchers, Table Spoons, Forks, Tea Spoons, Goblets, Drinking Cups, Coffee Urns, Tea Pots, Cream Pitchers, Sugar Bowls, Fruit Baskets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Fruit Knives, Syrup Cups, Salvers, Pocketknives, Pie Knives, Fish Knives, Mustard and Salt Spoons, Napkin Rings, Egg Stands, Wine Holders, Card Cases, &c.

All the above list of articles to be sold for $1 00 each. The expenses are paid by the sale of Coupons or Certificates naming each article in the stock, and its value. These Certificate are enclosed in envelopes, mixed up; and sold at

25 CENTS EACH—5 FOR $1—11 FOR $2.

Whatever article is named in the Certificate can be obtained at ONE DOLLAR.

The article will be shown to the holder of the Certificate, and it will be at his option, whether he pays the dollar and takes the article or not. In case articles sent by mail or express are not satisfactory, they can be returned and the money will be refunded.

Every Certificate entitles the holder to some article of sterling value, worth much more than a dollar. In proof of this

READ THIS OFFER.

You can have for any of our certificates and $1 00, any of the following articles, to that if you are not pleased with the article or articles named on the certificate, you need not lose the $1—note you paid for it:

One Silver plated three bottle Castor, handsome silver plated Butter Dish with plate and cover, Lady's Shopping Reticule, a 50 picture Album bound in velvet and gilt, set of Tea Spoons silver plated on white metal, set double plated Table Spoons or Forks, Pants pattern (2½ yards cassimere), pair of Jarvis's Paris Kid Gloves, splendid real Meerschaum Pipe, or solid 16 carat Gold plain Ring.

REFERENCES.

During the four years we have been agents for European manufacturers, we have received hundreds of